Reading Room

In buying job printing consider first the place where you buy it, for equipment and experienced men mean much toward successful printing. The News Shop is fully equipped.

The Upland News

When it's a case of getting your business before the people The News Way reaches them. Be sure that people are reading the newspaper in which you are advertising.

VOLUME TWENTY, No. 30 — UPLAND, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1914 — $1.50 PER YEAR

ROAD IMPROVEMENT IDEA IS ABROAD IN CITY OF UPLAND

Twelfth Street Roadway Ready for Concrete

City Receives the Coin for the $25,000 in Bonds Recently Voted by the Citizens of Upland. Many Roads to Be Improved.

If there should be any doubt in the minds of outsiders that the people of Upland do not believe in good roads, by visiting this city and doing a little inquiring, they will find that it is certainly very evdent indeed that the one thing our people want is good roads, and they are getting them with the passing of each and every month.

Not many weeks ago the voters of the city voted $15,000 in bonds by which street working equipment could be purchased, and within a short time repair work on several thoroughfares will be under way.

Twelfth Street, which will connect Euclid Avenue with the State Highway to the east of the city, is now prepared for the laying of concrete base, while the grading of San Antonio Avenue preparatory to building a permanent road from Tenth Street to Twenty-third was commenced Monday morning.

The latest and perhaps one of the most important bits of news on road building was an order given by the Board of Supervisors Monday for the surveying of Mountain Avenue from Tenth Street to Twenty-fourth Street, preparatory to the County's highway building. It was originally laid out to go to Twentieth Street only, but a delegation of Mountain Avenue property owners appeared before the Board on Monday asking that the work be extended to Twenty-fourth Street, and agreeing to assist in the cost of the same, and the survey to Twenty-fourth Street was ordered. With Upland's down-town streets improved, with Euclid Avenue improved, and with Twelfth, Mountain Avenue, and San Antonio Avenue all rebuilt, together with the State Highway throughout this entire Southern California, we will have a system of roads unsurpassed.

LOCAL PEOPLE IN ONTARIO CANTATA

On the afternoon of December 20 the choir of the Congregational Church, Ontario, will sing Dudley Buck's cantata, "The Coming of the King." Dudley Buck was an American composer and this cantata is one of a series of church cantatas written by him for special occasions. The cantata "The Coming of the King," is one of his best works and was written for Advent or Christmas-tide.

The cantata is divided into twelve parts:

No. 1—"Noel," prelude for the organ.

No. 2—"Prophecy," soprano solo.

No. 3—"Advent," full chorus with soprano and alto duet.

No. 4 (a)—"The Annunciation," solo for the alto.

No. 4 (b)—"The Annunctiation," solo for the tenor.

No. 5—"Across the Desert," male chorus (The Caravan of the Magi).

No. 6—"The Plains of Bethlehem," female chorus, tenor solo, full chorus.

No. 7—"The Departure of the Shepherds," bass solo, male chorus, soprano solo and full chorus.

No. 8—"The Virgin's Lullaby," alto solo.

No. 9—"The Questioning of the Magi," Herod, the Magi, and Retainers—soprano solo and female chorus.

No. 10—"The Adoration," soprano solo and chorus for male voices.

No. 11—"Adeste Fideles," female chorus, male chorus and full chorus.

The soprano solos will be taken by Mrs. Henke. Miss Maude Gerry and Miss Margaret Thompson will sing the alto solos. Mr. Berg of Pomona College will sing the tenor solos. The bass solos will be taken by Mr. Grahame of Upland and by Mr. Frederickson and Mr. Thayer.

About thirty-five singers will assist in the presentation of this cantata.

The Upland News would make a pleasing Christmas gift to send back to your friend in the East or, for that matter, your friend right here in Upland.

SURPRISE REVEALED IN TOTAL VOTE AT NOV. 3 ELECTION

Many New Features Are Found by Statistician

State Statistician Cremin Makes Official Report on Election. Los Angeles Building Bonds Are Defeated.

The big surprise revealed in the total vote on State officers and amendments given out at Sacramento Monday by State Statistician Cremin is the amazingly large vote against the Los Angeles State building bonds. The bonds were defeated 320,202 to 285,796. Four Counties only—Los Angeles, San Francisco, Placer, and Sacramento—had a majority in favor of the bonds.

The Sacramento State Fair bonds were also defeated, 301,764 to 259,721.

Dr. A. E. Briggs of Sacramento made the best showing of any Socialist candidate. He was a candidate for State Controller, and got 99,729 votes.

Governor's Vote Larger

An interesting feature is that the vote for Governor was larger than that on the prohibition amendment. U. S. Webb, with 639,804 votes, registered the biggest vote.

Additional results, as announced Monday, are:

Secretary of State, Frank C. Jordan (Rep.-Dem.), 487,904; F. J. O'Brien (Prog.), 216,938; Ethel Lynn, (Soc.-Prog.), 88,976; G. T. Stickney (Pro.), 62,441.

Controller — John S. Chambers (Prog.-Rep.-Dem.), 622,988; A. E. Briggs (Soc.), 99,729; Horace A. Johnson (Pro.), 84,076.

Treasurer—Friend W. Richardson (Prog.-Rep.-Dem.), 633,000; G. W. Woodbury (Soc.), 96,287; Albert S. Spaulding (Pro.), 78,566.

Attorney General—U. S. Webb (Prog.-Dem.-Rep.), 639,804; Walter R. unn (Soc.), 96,678; James H. Blanchard (Pro.), 81,274.

United States Senator—Joseph R. Knowland (Rep.), 258,149; F. J. Heney (Prog.), 255,232; J. D. Phelan (Dem.), 279,896; Ernest Untermann (Soc.), 56,805; Fred F. Wheeler (Pro.), 39,921.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of California—Frank M. Angellotti, 393,502; William M. Conley, 367,368. Associate Justices—William P. James, 249,781; William P. Lawler, 448,134; John D. Murphy, 290,527; Lucien Shaw, 328,922.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Mrs. N. E. Davidson,290,078; Edward Hyatt, 459,270.

No. 1, calling convention for revsion of constitution—Defeated, 442,687 to 180,111.

No. 3, eight-hour law—Defeated, 560,881 to 282,692.

No. 4, abatement of nuisances—Carried, 402,629 to 352,821.

No. 5, investment companies act—Carried, 343,805 to 288,084.

No. 6, water commission act—Carried, 309,950 to 301,817.

No. 7, local taxation exemption—Defeated, 375,634 to 267,618.

No. 8, exempting vessels from taxation—Carried, 359,176 to 301,969.

No. 9, regulating investment companies—Defeated, 353,812 to 249,500.

No. 10, abolition of poll tax—Carried, 405,375 to 374,487.

No. 11, university bond—Carried, 413,020 to 239,332.

No. 12, constitutional conventions—Defeated, 274,325 to 271,896.

No. 13, qualification of voters at bond elections—Defeated, 337,951 to 312,993.

Absent Voting Defeated

No. 14, voting by absent electors—Defeated, 390,333 to 244,855.

No. 15, deposit of public moneys—Defeated, 324,558 to 236,573.

No. 16, condemnation for public purposes—Defeated, 307,155 to 259,192.

No. 17, exposition contribution for Alameda County—Carried, 390,835 to 202,128.

No. 18, non-sale of game—Defeated, 361,446 to 353,295.

No. 19, consolidation of city and county and limited annexation of contiguous territory—Carried, 293,019 to 287,185.

No. 20, abolition of prize fights—Carried, 413,741 to 327,569.

No. 22, land title law—Carried, 359,757 to 224,846.

No. 23, election by plurality, preferential vote and primary—Defeated, 294,265 to 240,600.

No. 24, assembly payroyy expenses—Defeated, 494,272 to 87,315.

(Continued on Page 8)

WILL JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES GET SALARY OR NOT?

Unable to Live on Honor Say All of Them

Law Has a Peculiar Bug in It and Justice of the Peace Crane and Constable Sawyer May Get a Salary of $.0000.

Are the newly elected Justices of the Peace and Constables to "work for nothing" after the first of January?

That dreadful prospect will not be looked upon with favor by folks who believe the laborer is worthy of his hire, even though they may not always have voted for the winner. The question is raised by an eleventh-hour discovery of conflicting County charter provisions that are likely to give the new legal advisers of the Board of Supervisors a bad quarter of an hour after the first of January.

Section three of article three of the charter provides that the Supervisors shall fix the salaries of township officers.

Section one of article seven provides that wherever Supervisors fix salaries, they shall do so before the officers to receive such salaries are elected.

If the Supervisors cannot legally fix salaries for Justices and Constables after the latter are elected, how can they be fixed for the Justices and Constables who were elected in November?

Article three, section one of the charter says:

"Section 3.—The compensation of Justices of the Peace and Constables shall be fixed by the Board of Supervisors, and shall in every case be a fixed salary; but such salary need not be uniform for the several townships, nor in proportion to population."

Article seven, section one of the charter says:

"Section 1.—In all cases in which the Board of Supervisors are authorized by law or by this charter to fix the compensation of any officer, such compensation shall be fixed prior to the election or appointment of such officer, and shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which such officer shall be elected or appointed."

Obviously it was the purpose of that section that salaries of township officers should have been fixed before the November election but the section was overlooked, while the general understanding has been that such provisions of the charter were not to be taken up until after the first of January, 1916.

Attorneys to whom the matter was referred doubted that the charter provision could be regarded as "directory," the corner around which lawyers often dodge when it is inconvenient to comply with the law, and one legal light suggested that it might throw township officers back under the salary schedule of the general law, in force heretofore, as the only means of avoiding the ban against increasing or diminishing their salaries during the term for which they are elected, and which will have begun before these salaries can be fixed by the new Board of Supervisors.

RURAL CARRIER GIVES SOME VERY TIMELY TIPS

To Patrons of Rural Route No. 1:

We are nearing another Christmas time when the duties of your carrier are much increased. I suggest that all first-class mail be stamped before being placed in the boxes with stamps one way, as this would help a great deal at his busy time. Wrap and tie all packages securely, place name and address on upper left hand corner.

Insure all valuable packages and when insuring put value mark on them.

Please mail all Christmas packages as early as possible. You can mark them, "Do not open until Christmas."

Please take this kindly, as I mean it that way. Wishing you all a merry Christmas.

Your Carrier, R. R. 1.

"FATHER" THOUGHT HE WAS TRYING TO GET TOO FRESH

Suitor (waiting for the lady): Is your daughter coming out next winter?

Father: She'll come out when she's good and ready and if you git fresh I'll knock yer block off—Cornell Widow.

LUNCHEONETTE AND ELECTRIC SIGN THE MAIN FEATURES

Saturday Night Big Night At Upland Pharmacy

Mrs. Bert Perschbacher to Be in Charge of Soda Fountain and Luncheonette Innovation. Big Display of Christmas Goods.

The electric sign for the Upland Pharmacy arrived in the city Tuesday morning and immediately the men of the Granger-Hall Electric Company proceeded to install it.

The sign, in every respect, comes up to the description given of it some time ago by The News, and before the close of the week, it will be in operation.

The sign is of red, black, and white in the daylight, "Soda," "Drugs," and "Mac Says So" being the lettering, while at night first flashes "Soda," then "Drugs," a faint shadow traveling about an arrow which points to "Mac Says So" as it is flashed on by the electric mechanical apparatus operating the sign.

This sign ranks first in electric signs displayed by local merchants, and P. H. McQuillen, of the store, is receiving many compliments on the new sign.

Saturday night is to be a big night at the Upland Pharmacy, for not only will the first operation of the sign be witnessed that evening, but "Mac the Medicine Man" will inaugurate at his soda fountain "Mac's Luncheonette" or, in other words, the serving of hot drinks and lunches which will be continued through the winter months.

In charge of the soda fountain and the luncheonette will be Mrs. Bert Perschbacher, and Mrs. Bert has the reputation of knowing how to serve the patrons in a most tempting and appetizing manner.

So Saturday night will be feature night at the Upland Pharmacy and while the electric sign flashes "Soda," "Drugs," and "Mac Says So," you can enjoy "Mac's Luncheonette" on the inside as well as the display of holiday goods which will be ready for your inspection and purchase, and meantime a musical treat will be given in the way of a Graphonola concert, together with new music from the incomparable Columbia Graphonola.

MISS S. S. MORLEY DIES SUNDAY EVE

Miss Susana Sarah Morley died at the San Antonio Hospital on Sunday evening after a prolonged illness, she having been in failing health for several months. It was Miss Morley's request that she be taken to her home after death, where the body was held until today awaiting the arrival of her brother, Ed Morley, who arrived at 9:25 this morning from Avoca, Neb. Miss Morley was a native of England and came to California with her parents nineteen years ago and to Upland fifteen and a half years ago. They have always resided on Third Avenue, the two sister still remaining at the old homestead after the death of their mother and father.

Owing to the rain the funeral was held from the Brethren in Christ Church this afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. G. F. Loba of the Congregational Church of Ontario, of which church she was a member, conducting the services, assisted by Rev. R. C. Stone. Miss Morley was a woman of fine character and leaves a host of friends and two borthers, Ed Morley and Ernest Morley, and two sister, Miss Flora, and Mrs. Giffen, to mourn her loss. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery, J. B. Draper having charge of the funeral.

REFUSE LICENSE FOR POOL ROOM AT CUCAMONGA

A petition signed by about 100 residents of Cucamonga was presented to the Supervisors Monday, asking that a license to conduct a pool room be again issued to Jack Van Wagenen, but inasmuch as it was the Van Wagenen license that was revoked a few months ago after a hearing that convinced the Board that gambling had been permitted there, the application was denied.

S-C CO. STARTS WORK ON SAN ANTONIO AVE. ROADWAY

Ninety Days' Time Will Complete the Road

One Hundred and Twenty-five Men and One Hundred Mules Housed on Fourteenth Street Preparatory to Road Building.

Should you happen to pass along Fourteenth street, past San Antonio Avenue, and see there what has the appearance of a circus ready to receive an audience, don't endeavor to buy a ticket to the performance, for all those tents are simply the temporary home of the S. C. Contracting Company of Ocean Park, which arrived, bag and baggage, the latter part of last week, preparatory to commencing the building of San Antonio Avenue from Tenth Street north to Twenty-third Street, a distance of three miles.

In those tents on Fourteenth Street are housed at night 100 head of mules and 125 men, and this combination of man ant beast will in the next ninety days, unless rain interferes, build three miles of road of 4-inch concrete base with 14-inch curb on either side, and if you stop to consider for a moment the full meaning of the above you will readily see that this company has before it a job which looms very large.

P. N. Snyder, brother of George Snyder who is building Twelfth Street, and president and general manager of the S. C. Company, made the statement to a News representative that in ninety days the work would be complete, and seeing a look of doubt spread over the representative's countenance, he cited numerous instances of the work of his company which proved that Mr. Snyder knew just what he was talking about and that unless rain interfered, the property owners would have a new thoroughfare over which to travel by the middle of March.

Last year during the heavy rain the condition of San Antonio Avenue caused flood waters to injure numerous groves, and it is largely due to this experience that property owners decided it was high time to guard against the repetition of such a high-priced experience. Thus did they desire a twenty-four-foot wide drive and a fourten-inch curb, the idea being that in case of a heavy rain the street would act as a storm drain while during the summer season it would make an excellent driveway.

Bright and early Monday morning grading preparatory to laying the concrete base was under way and as soon as the grading gang gets far enough in advance of the cement laying crew curbs and the concrete base will be under way, and the work pushed to completion as rapidly as is commensurate with good work.

P. N. Snyder, president and general manager of the S. C. Company, will make his headquarters here for at least three months, and should he be successful in getting the contract for the laying of the Ontario section of San Antonio Avenue, he will be here just that much longer.

LYRIC WILL SOON HAVE OPERA CHAIRS IN PLACE

Contractor Gerry and his men are rapidly bringing their work to a close at the Lyric Theatre and within a few days the men who will install the opera chairs will be ready to proceed. The new front is already assuming shape and indications are that it will be most attractive. The Lyric has been in operation in spite of the changes being made, Manager Whitmoyer making special effort to see to it that the theatre is just as comfortable during the change as it was before the improvement started. Friday night of this week an innovation in the way of a "country store" is to be conducted, at which the man drawing the lucky number gets a prize and the ladies are not to be forgotten in the prize list, either. There will be plenty of amusement for all as well as a good picture program.

FORMER UPLANDERS WILL MAKE HOME IN LOS ANGELES

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Houses have moved from Fillmore to Los Angeles. Mr. Houses was offered a good position there which he accepted several weeks ago. They will move their household goods from Fillmore just as soon as they secure a suitable bungalow.

PRESIDENT WILSON DELIVERS IMPORTANT MESSAGE

National Subjects are Ably Discussed in Message

Business Not to Be Embarrassed by Further Legislation, Says the President in His Message to Congress.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—President Wilson, in his annual address to Congress, coupled with a defense of the country's military preparedness a word of assurance to business that it would not be embarrassed by further legislation.

He said the trust and currency legislation program is virtually completed, leaving no conjecture as to what will follow, and there is a clear, firm road on which honest men might travel with perfect confidence.

For passage at this session the President urged measures to meet the changed conditions due to the European war, particularly a government ship purchase bill.

Measures to unlock the resources of the nation's domain, to encourage the improvement of navigable waters for generation of power, and a bill already passed by the House giving a "larger measure of self-government to the Philippines."

When the President entered the House chamber where Vice President Marshall and Speaker Clark presided over the joint session of the house and senate, he was greeted with an uproarious ovation which continued several minutes.

Throughout his address he was frequently interrupted with applause, particularly from the Democratic side.

Demonstrations of approval reached a climax when referring to the recent agitation over national defense he declared the administration has "not been negligent of the national defense, that the government's attitude will not be altered," because some amongst us are nervous and excited; that a policy of defense could easily and sensibly be agreed upon."

President Wilson's message to Congress follows:

Gentlemen of the Congress:

The session upon which you are now entering will be the closing session of the Sixty-third Congress, a Congress, I venture to say, which will long be remembered for the great body of thoughtful and constructive work which it has done, in loyal response to the thought and needs of the country. I should like in this address to review the notable record and try to make adequate assessment of it; but no doubt we stand too near the work that has been done and are ourselves too much part of it to play the part of historians toward it. Moreover, our thoughts are now more of the future than of the past. While we have worked at our tasks of peace, the circumstances of the whole age have been altered by war. What we have done for our own land and for our own people we did with the best that was in us, whether of character or of intelligence, with sober enthusiasm and a confidence in the principles upon which we were acting which sustained us at every step of the difficult undertaking; but it is done. It has passed from our hands. It is now an established part of the legislation of the country. Its usefulness, its effects, will disclose themselves in experience. What chiefly strikes us now, as we look about us during these closing days of a year which will be forever memorable in the history of the world, is that we face new tasks, have been facing them these six months, must face them in the months to come—follow them without partisan feeling, like men who have forgotten everything but a common duty and the fact that we are representatives of a great people whose thought is not of us but of what America owes to herself and to all mankind in such circumstances as these upon which we look amazed and anxious.

Trade Interrupted

War has interrupted the means of trade not only but also the process of production. In Europe it is destroying men and resources wholesale and upon a scale unprecedented and appalling. There is reason to fear that the time is near, if it be not already at hand, when several of the countries of Europe will find it difficult to do for their people what they have hitherto been always easily able to do—many essential and fundamental things. At any rate, they will need our help and our manifold services as they have never needed them before; and we should be ready, more fit and ready than we have ever been.

It is of equal consequence that the nations whom Europe has usually supplied with innumerable articles of manufacture and commerce of which they are in constant need and without which their economic development halts and stands still can now get only a small part of

(Continued on Page 3)

MISSES M'QUILLEN PURCHASE CLARK BROTHERS STORE

Miss Elizabeth to Arrive From East Today

Following the Holiday Business Numerous Changes to Be Made in the Store. Dale Clark to Remain in Upland.

On Tuesday, the eight day of December, Clark Bros.' book store became the property of the Misses Elizabeth and Teresa McQuillen, as on the date mentioned negotiations for the change in ownership were brought to a close and the key to the store turned over to the new proprietors.

Miss Elizabeth McQuillen will be remembered by a large number of the residents of this city, as she spent several months here with P. H. McQuillen, of the Upland Pharmacy, while her sister, Miss Teresa, is now assisting the Rexall force in the conduct of the store.

Just what the store will be named is not certain, but The News would suggest the "Song Shop," as it is planned by the Misses McQuillen to make the sheet music, as well as the Edison and Victor phonograph, department of the institution one of the leading features of the new store.

On account of the Christmas rush it will be impossible for the new proprietors to carry out their plans for remodeling the interior of the store, but following the holidays a change is to be wrought in the store which will make it one of the most modern business houses in the city.

Mr. Clark will remain with the new proprietors until after January 1, assisting them in becoming acquainted with the store, its patrons, and familiar with the location of the stock, and after that date will still remain a resident of Upland, but just what field of endeavor he will follow he does not know. His many friends here will be glad to learn that he will remain in this city.

Today Mr. Patrick McQuillen and Miss Elizabeth McQuillen will arrive from the East and will make their future home here, having rented the Clark residence on Second Avenue.

THE COUNTY SEEKS REFUND ON NO. 1

The legislative fight to recover from the State of California the hundreds of thousands of dollars which this County lost through an operation of the tax amendment No. 1, of 1910, is now being shaped.

As the result of a conference attended by Assemblymen George H. Johnson, Senator-elect Lyman M. King, District Attorney R. B. Goodcell and J. B. Glover, of the Board of Supervisors, it is probable that this week the Supervisors will ask the County Auditor to prepare a statement showing the detailed loss.

The amendment as voted on by the people contemplated that this County should be fully reimbursed. The reimbursement has amounted to about $52,000, far short of the County's actual loss and so admitted at Sacramento.

At the last session the Legislature passed a bill giving the County the right to sue in the courts and establish its rights. Governor Johnson did not sign the bill, and the fight was lost.

The County has more than enough due from the State, if it is ever allowed by the administration to collect it, to operate the entire County government, including extensive road building, for considerably more than a year it is estimated.

A strenuous effort will be made to go over the matter this year with Governor Johnson, and again detail the injustice which this County has suffered.

Assemblymen Johnson and Phelps and Senator Lyman M. King will all figure in the fight at Sacramento, for it will be the one big thing this County hopes to accomplish.

SUPERVISORS ORDER SURVEY

County Surveyor Bright was directed Tuesday by the Board of Supervisors to make the preliminary for the improvement of North Mountain Avenue, Upland, from Twentieth to Twenty-fourth Street, as asked for by an Upland delegation Monday.

THE UPLAND NEWS

WILLIAM E. WESTLAND, Editor and Proprietor
Phone Sunset 29

Entered at the postoffice at Upland, California, as second-class mail matter

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Minimum charge for Classified, 25 cents

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1914

THE CHRISTMAS season is at hand as is evidenced by the efforts of local merchants, who are adorning their places of business most attractively, and in the course of another week Upland stores will present a most pleasing appearance. With the Christmas spirit comes the desire to remember, in some way, those near and dear to us and it is in preparation of this desire that the Upland business men are getting ready to supply what their customers want. Buyers have been very busy the last few weeks adding lines which were not purchased earlier in the season and the result is that shoppers will get service this year which will surpass that of former seasons.

ALONG the line of a clean-up day, Long Beach has originated the idea of a "liquidation day," on which everybody is to pay his debts if the thing is possible. Upland has had her clean-up days and this idea of cleaning up what you owe, especially the small amounts that accumulate, is certainly an excellent idea, for it means that the liquidation can pass all the way down the line, and assist much in gaining prosperity to a greater degree. Merchants of Long Beach state that money is short simply because people will not pay, although they have the coin in the banks. Such conditions, no doubt, prevail in every city in Southern California, and if Upland could have one or two clean-up days as well as one or two liquidation days each year we would not only be clean materially, but financially as well.

CHIEF JUSTICE SULLIVAN in his appeal before the State Bar Association for more justice and less delay in our legal procedure dealt in vigorous fashion with one of the great evils of the age. As the jurist said in his address, "Justice delayed is justice denied." The law's delays operate to the great advantage of the rich man and to the tremendous disadvantage of the poor man. The funds of poor men are exhausted long before a case can reach a final decision, even if the lower court rules in his favor. Lawyers too often sacrifice the interests of their clients in extending time for filing papers and other steps in the legal process. In the larger offices in the cities these things are left in the hands of clerks to a large extent and either side can take as much time as it desires. The courts have it in their power to hasten trials, but the member of the legal profession, probably more than the courts, could, if they would, bring about an improvement in this respect. Unless rigid rules are fixed by law for the conduct of legal proceedings, the chief reform must come from the lawyers themselves. No one will defend the present condition of California legal practice. The signs of an improvement are found in the general dissatisfaction with the law's delays under the present system. It is a particularly good sign when the chief of the highest court scores conditions and urges reforms.—Sacramento Union.

ONCE in a while an unknown author offers a tribute to the writings of note, and here is one, the truth of which rings true: "The place to take the measure of a man is not in the darkest place or in the amen corner, nor forum nor fields, but by his own fireside. There he lays aside his mask and you may learn whether he's an imp or an angel, king or a cur, hero or humbug. I care not what the world may say of him—whether it crown him boss or pelt him with bad eggs; I care not a copper what his reputation or religion may be; if his babies dread his home-coming and his better-half swallows her heart every time she has to ask him for a five-dollar bill, he's a fraud of the first water even though he prays night and morning till he's black in the face and howls hallelujah till he shakes the eternal hills. But if his children rush to the front gate to meet him and love's sunshine illumines the face of his wife when she hears his footfall, you take for granted that he's pure gold, that his home's a heaven, and the humbug never gets that near the great white throne of God. He may be a rank atheist and red flag anarchist; a Mormon and a mugwump; he may buy votes in blocks of five and bet on the election; he may deal 'em from the bottom of the deck and drink beer till he can't tell a silver dollar from a circular saw, and still be an infinitely better man than a cowardly little humbug who's all suavity in society but who makes his home a hell—who vents upon the helpless heads of wife and children an ill-nature he would like to inflict upon his fellow-men, but dares not. I can forgive much in that fellow-mortal who would rather make men swear than weep; who would rather have the hate of the world than the contempt of his wife; who would rather call anger to the eyes of a king than fear to the face of a child."

CHURCHES are finding that they can make themselves stronger and more beloved, and therefore of greater value to themselves, their community and their God, by providing attractive recreation for the young people. Many churches, Catholic and Protestant, have found this out and are making good use of the knowledge. Indeed, the custom has spread more rapidly than many imagine. For instance, in the Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania the social service commission of that church has been investigating the recreation facilities in the Philadelphia parishes with results that are highly interesting and instructive. The committee secured information, more or less complete, concerning seventy-nine parishes. Ten of these report that they have no parish houses, but need them and are working for them. Two reported that the need of them is acute on account of the character of the neighborhood and the great opportunities afforded for service. Forty parishes maintain gymnasiums. Some have only small and poorly equipped rooms; others have thoroughly modern and well furnished plants. Twenty-nine parishes have frequent supervised dances, and in some cases dancing teachers are employed. Sixteen parishes have classes in calisthenics. Fifteen parishes own stereopticons and have frequent lantern lectures. Four parishes have their own motion picture outfits. Among other forms of recreation are dramatic entertainments, which are reported in almost all parishes, boy scout patrols, military drill, baseball teams, summer camps, summer outing trips, shuffle board, bowling alleys, pool and billiard tables, bathing facilities, reading and game rooms, social gatherings of parishioners and others, kindergartens for the little ones, out door playgrounds, tennis courts, etc. In a few parishes opposition to dancing is reported, either on the part of the rector or the vestry, but these are exceptions.—Hemet News.

WHEN the chilly nights appear on the scene and the man or woman who desires to sleep comfortably finds it necessary not only to wear a night cap on his or her head, but on their feet as well, the question arises as to whether said parties are getting aged. If the top of your head gets cold, you are certainly most uncomfortable, but if your feet, up to about your knees, also get chilled, then you are certainly miserable. The idea of being comfortable is the main factor of correct living, whether you wear a night cap or not.

PEACE

"O that thou hadst hearkened to my commandments, then had thy peace been as a river, and thy righteousness as the waves of the sea."—Isaiah 48:18.

Silver moonlight on the mountains,
Glistening gleams of glory glowing,
From the deeps of ceaseless fountains,
In calm streams of silver flowing
Over snow-wreathed vale and hill,
Softly whispering: "Peace, be still."

Message of the birds' sweet singing,
Joyous message of the flowers,
Thru the fields and forests ringing,
Voiceless message of the hours.
Borne upon the wings of night
In the stars' pale pendant light.

Faithful peace thy gentle pleading—
Sweet assurance far outreaching,
Into depths of human needing
Flows the comfort of thy teaching;
Saddened hearts and weary rest,
By thy tender message blest.

Human suffering, struggling, striving,
Darkling shadows of the ages,
Greed, and hate and horror thriving,
'Twas the problem of the sages.
Peace the fruit of righeousness
Waits, with lifted hand to bless.

Wings of peace are brooding o'er us,
Words of peace our hunger feeding,
Paths of peace stretch out before us,
But we turn aside unheeding—
Love the liberator waits
Just beyond the unbarred gates.

Peace that flows from love supernal
Is the only peace that chastens;
Light that glows from truth eternal
Is the only light that hastens—
Flowing free to heal our pains—
Right our wrongs and break our chains.

Peaceful moonlight on the mountains,
Type of love divine outreaching
From the deeps of ceaseless fountains
ONE great truth forever teaching—
Peace the keynote of its creed—
Love in thought, and word, and deed.

—Kathleen MacFarland, Upland, Cal.

PAINTING THE LILY

The Stalwart Youth in civil garb
was strolling down the Strand,
When the Dear Old Busybody but-
tonholed him out of hand.
"For shame, my fine young sir," she
said, "to waste your hours in
play!
Are you idle when your King and
Country call you to the fray?"
"Yus, I'm aht out o' work just nah,"
said he, a twinkle in his eye;
And the Dear Old Busybody heaved
a sad reproachful sigh.
"Oh, come, my dear young man, and
let me drive you straight,"
she said,
"To the next Recruiting Station!"
but he grinned and shook his
head.
"Then do let me persuade you," she
implored in accents wild,
"Just to join the Territorials!"
Again the stranger smiled:
'Now, I cawn't just nah, me lidy,
for to tell the 'oly truth
"I've a gammy arm that ain't well
yet," returned the Stalwart
Youth.
"Where did you get that hurt?"
she asked. He answered her
again:
"Why I got it in the firin' line upon
the bloomin' Aisne!"

—Gibert Hy. Collins, in London Opinion.

THE FORCE OF CONTRAST

A man there was who beat the gong
With energy that knew no rest,
He shouted to the passing throng
And sawed the air and thumped
his chest.
To win attention was his aim,
But this old world is well advised
Concerning all the tricks of fame,
And no one was at all surprised.

He settled down in quietude,
The futile strife he left behind.
He kept as he his way pursued
A placid and contented mind
And then celebrity he gained.
He found himself well advertised,
A thoughtful silence he maintained
And everybody was surprised.

—Washington Evening Star.

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To Every Boy and Girl, Young Man or Woman who will Deposit Another Dollar

and continue doing so regularly for a reasonable length of time. Other interesting features of our plans for encouraging thrift will be cheerfully explained to those who desire.

Begin now, even though you have no more than one dollar with which to make the start; others can be earned and saved, and we will help you.

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This is not a "one-sided" bank. It looks beyond simply the receiving of a depositor's money.

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EARL W. PAUL, Director

OKRA SOUP

When days are dark and trouble
lowers,
And flowers, leaves and spirits
droop,
What force revivifies our powers?
That panacea, okra soup!

When bill collectors haunt our path
And troubles crowd us, troop by
troop—
What sedative can cure our wrath
Like bromo seltzer? Okra soup!

What product of enchanted isles,
From lovely Guam to Guadeloupe,
Can wreathe the gourmet's cheek
with smiles
Like that concoction, okra soup?

For what do Charleston children cry,
After measles, grip or croup,
Far, far more than for pap or pie
Or Mellen's food? Blest okra soup.

Let Boston rave on pork and beans,
To such a mess I would not stoop;
Gumbo's the dish for New Orleans,
But Charleston murmurs, "Okra
soup!"

What term, O Prince, shall I apply
To him who sneers at okra soup?
His maudlin ravings I defy!
I designate him Nincompoop!

—Columbia State.

SEASON BEST IN HISTORY

Despite war conditions, 1915 will be the greatest year the automobile industry has ever known, in the opinion of prominent automobile men of Southern California. The motor car industry in California is in fine shape right now.

The fairs in San Francisco and San Diego are bringing people to the Coast already. Car owners from the East, many of whom make a practice of wintering here, and many who have spent the cold months on the Riviera, are shipping theirs cars to California earlier than ever before.

Dealers are receiving letters every day telling of owners who are planning either to ship their cars in the next month, or to tour to California as soon as the snow ceases to fly.

It is estimated that fully 20,000 cars will tour across the country to California this year, and that will mean at least 80,000 motorists who will visit the State during the course of the fairs. This vast army of automobile people will leave a large amount of money in California for accessories, tires and supplies, as well as for living expenses. Hundreds of thousands will be spent for pleasure alone.

California is preparing to care for these motorists. The automobile men are awake to their opportunity, and the season of 1915 promises to be the greatest the industry has ever known in California.

BASEBALL KILLED MORE THAN FOOTBALL.

Thirty-five deaths and 918 injuries were caused by baseball during 1914, according to records made public by J. R. Vickery, of Chicago, who has made a study of effect of the national pastime on the life and health of young America.

Of the players who died from injuries, twenty were hit by pitched balls, twenty were struck by bats, four were in collisions, four overexerted themselves, one was hurt sliding to a base and one was killed in a fight.

Injuries to amateur players are classified as follows:

Broken limbs, 314; dangerous injuries, 42; serious injuries, 23; concussion of brain, 18; fractured skulls, 13; paralysis, 4; sprains, 37; spikes, 26; fractures, 17; dislocations, 7; torn ligaments, 10; eyes, 7; teeth knocked out, 4.

PROSPERITY
IS WITH US

The men who have their thumbs on the financial pulse of the nation predict a "great run of prosperity." Real estate is advancing day by day. If you are going to invest, now is the time, Southern California the place, and Rogers can TELL YOU HOW.

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Listing Covers the Entire Southland

Office at Clark's Book Store. Phone 324-J, or 60-Y, Upland

You will find a guide to the investments that will pay handsome profits in next week's News.

Bear Sez:

"Any kind of labor is good for us if we don't have to work too hard for it."

The first requisite with us is quality, purity and freshness. We cater for those who insist on a high standard of living. The best fed are the healthiest and happiest—notably so when the element of extra expense is entirely eliminated. Our customrs live better for less money than those who buy elsewhere.

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Especial attention to ladies travelling alone.
Excellent, reasonably priced grill. Meet your friends at the Manx.
European Plan Rates $1.50 up.
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THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

(Continued from Page 1)

what they formerly imported and eagerly look to us to supply their all but empty markets. This is particularly true of our own neighbors, the states, great and small, of Central and South America. Their lines of trade have hitherto run chiefly athwart the east, not to our ports, but to the ports of Great Britain and of the older continent of Europe. I do not stop to inquire why or to make any comment on probable causes. What interests us just now is not the explanation but the fact, and our duty and opoprtunity in the presence of it. Here are markets which must supply and which we must find the means of action. The United States, this great people for whom we speak and act, should be ready, as never before, to serve itself and serve mankind; ready with its resources, its energies, its forces of production, and its means of distribution.

"Are We Ready?"

It is a very practical matter a matter of ways and means. We have the resources, but are we full ready to use them? And if we can make ready what we have, have we the means at hand to distribute it? We are never fully ready; neither have we the means of distribution. We are willing, but we are not fully able. We have the wish to serve and to serve greatly, generously; but we are not prepared as we should be. We are not ready to mobilize our resources at once. We are not prepared to use them immediately and at their best, without delay and without waste.

To speak plainly, we have grossly erred in the way in which we have stunted and hindered the development of our merchant marine. And now, when we need ships, we have not got them. We have year after year debated, without end or conclusion, the best policy to pursue with regard to the use of the ores and forests and water powers of our national domain in the rich States of the West, when we should have acted; and they are still locked up. The key is still turned upon them, the door shut fast at which thousands of vigorous men, full of initiative, knock clamorously for admittance. The water power of our navigable streams outside the national domain also, even in the Eastern States, where we have worked and planned for generations, is still not used as it might be, because we will and we won't; because the laws we have made do not intelligently balance encouragement against restraint. We withhold by regulation.

I have come to ask you to remedy and correct these mistakes and omissions, even at this short session of a Congress which would certainly seem to have done all the work that could reasonably be expected of it. The time and the circumstances are extraordinary, and so must our efforts be also.

Two Great Measures

Fortunately, two great measures, finely conceived, the one to unlock, with proper safeguards, the resources of the national domain, the other to encourage the use of the navigable waters outside that domain for the generation of power, have already passed the House of Representatives and are ready for immediate consideration and action by the Senate. With the deepest earnestness I urge their prompt passage. In them both we turn our backs upon hesitation and makeshift and formulate a genuine policy of use and conservation, in the best sense of those words. We owe the one measure not only to the people of that great western country for whose free and systenatic development, as it seems to me, our legislation has done so little, but also to the people of the nation as a whole; and we as clearly owe the other in fulfilment of our repeated promises that the water power of the country should in fact as well as in name be put at the disposal of great industries which can make economical and profitable use of it, the rights of the public being adequately guarded the while, and monopoly in the use prevented. To have begun such measures and not completed them would indeed mar the record of this great Congress very seriously. I hope and confidently believe that they will be completed.

Philippines Question

And there is another great piece of legislation which awaits and should receive the sanction of the Senate. I mean the bill which gives a larger measure of self-government to the people of the Philippines. How better, in this time of anxious questioning and perplexed policy, could we show our confidence in the principles of liberty, as the source as well as the expression of life, how better could we demonstrate our own self-possession and steadfastness in the courses of justice and disinterestedness than by thus going calmly forward to fulfill our promises to a dependent people, who will now look more anxiously than ever to see whether we have indeed the liberty, the unselfishness, the courage, the faith we have boasted and professed. I cannot believe that the Senate will let this great measure of constructive justice await the action of another Congress. Its passage would nobly crown the record of these two years of memorable labor.

But I think that you will agree with me that this does not complete the toll of our duty. How are we to carry our goods to the empty markets of which I have spoken if we have not the ships? How are we to build up a great trade if we have not the certain and constant means of transportation upon which all profitable and useful commerce depends? And how are we to get the ships if we wait for the trade to develop without them? To correct the many mistakes by which we have discouraged and all but destroyed the merchant marine of the country, to retrace the steps by which we have, it seems almost deliberately, withdrawn our flags from the seas, except where, here and there, a ship of war is bidden carry it or some wandering yacht displays it, would take a long time and involve many detailed items of legislation, and the trade which we ought immediately to handle would disappear or find other channels while we debated the items.

Cases Are Similar

The case is not unlike that which confronted us when our own continent was to be opened up to settlement and industry and we needed long lines of railway, extended means of transportation prepared beforehand, if development was not to lag intolerably and wait interminably. We lavishly subsidized the building of transcontinetal railroads. We look back upon that with regret now, because the subsidies led to many scandals of which we are ashamed; but we know that the railroads had to be built, and if we had it to do over again we should of course build them, but in another way. Therefore I propose another way of providing the means of transportation, which must precede, not tardily follow, the development of our trade with our neighbor states of America. It may seem a reversal of the natural order of things, but it is true that the routes of trade must be actually opened—by many ships and regular sailings and moderate charges—before streams of merchandise will flow freely and profitably through them.

Shipping Bill

Hence the pending shipping bill, discussed at the last session, but as yet passed by neither House. In my judgment such legislation is imperatively needed and cannot wisely be postponed. The government must open these gates of trade, and open them wide; open them before it is altogether profitable to open them or altogether reasonable to ask private capital to open them at a venture. It is not a question of the government monopolizing the field. It should take action to make it certain that transportation at reasonable rates will be promptly provided, even where the carriage is not at first profitable; and then when the carriage has become sufficiently profitable to attract and engage private capital, and engage it in abundance, the government ought to withdraw. I very earnestly hope that the Congress will be of this opinion, and that both Houses will adopt this exceedingly important bill.

The great subject of rural credits still remains to be dealt with, and it is a matter of deep regret that the difficulties of the subject have seemed to render it impossible to compelte a bill for passage at this session. But it cannot be perfected yet, and therefore there are no other constructive measures the necessity for which I will at this time call your attention to; but I would be negligent of a very manifest duty were I not to call the attention of the Senate to the fact that the proposed convenion for safety at esa awaits its confirmation and that the limit fixed in the convention itself for its acceptance is the last day of the present month. The conference in which this convention originated was called by the United States; the representatives of the United States played a very influential part indeed in framing the provisions of the proposed convention; and those provisions are in themselves for the most part admirable. It would hardly be consistent with the part we have played in the whole matter to let it drop and go by the board as if forgotten and neglected. It was ratified in May last by the German government and in August by the Parliament of Great Britain. It marks a most hopeful and decided advance in international civilization. We should show our earnest good faith in a great matter by adding our own acceptance of it.

Survey for Pacific

There is another matter of which I must make special mention, if I am to discharge my conscience, lest it should escape your attention. It may seem a very small thing. It affects only a single item of appropriation. But many human lives and many great enterprises hang upon it. It is the matter of making adequate provisions for the survey and charting of our coasts. It is immediately pressing and exigent in connection with the immense coast line of Alaska, a coast line greater than that of the United States themselves; though it is also very important indeed with regard to the older coasts of the continent. We cannot use our great Alaskan domain, ships will not ply thither, if those coasts and their many hidden dangers are not thoroughly surveyed and charted. The work is incomplete at almost every point. Ships and lives have been lost in threading what were supposed to be well known channels. We have not provided adequate vessels or adequate machinery for the survey and charting. We have used old vessels that were not big enough or strong enough and which were so nearly unseaworthy that inspectors would not have allowed private owners to send them to sea. This is a matter which, as I have said, seems small, but is in reality very great. Its importance has only to be looked into to be appreciated.

Before I close, may I say a few words upon two topics, much discussed out of doors, upon which it is highly important that our judgments should be clear, definite and steadfast?

One Is Economy

One of these is economy in government expenditures. The duty of economy is not debatable. It is manifest and imperative. In the appropriations we pass we are spending the money of the great people whose servants we are—not our own. We are trustees and responsible stewards in the spending. The only thing debatable and upon which we should be careful to make our thought and purpose clear is the kind of economy demanded of us. I assert with the greatest confidence that the pople of the United States are not jealous of the amount their government costs if they are sure that they get what they need and desire for the outlay, that the money is being spent for objects of which they approve, and that it is being applied with good business sense and management.

Governments grow, by piecemeal, both in their tasks and in the means by which those tasks are to be performed and very few governments are organized, I venture to say, as wise and experienced business men would organize them if they had a clean sheet of paper to write upon. Certainly the government of the United States is not. I think that it is generally agreed that there should be a systematic reorganization and reassembling of its parts so

(Continued on Page 6)

50 WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS

$22.50 to $29.50 VALUES

On Sale FRIDAY and SATURDAY

CHOICE $15.00

Best of all bargain chances in high-grade suits. These are the very newest styles and are made of the latest materials. All the wanted colorings. Just 50 to choose from Friday and Saturday. $22.50 to $29.50 regular. Special, your choice for..... **$15.00**

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Buy a new coat tomorrow. A great bargain chance at the Orange Belt Emporium—now. New winter models, plain colors, novelties and plaids. Regular $15.00. Special..... **$9.95**

A World of Toys to See In Our Basement

Come Tomorrow Bring The Children

Our great Toy Department is now ready for them—and ready for the grown-ups as well. Now is the time to select your toys. Don't wait until the last few days, for you know the hurry and confusion always at the finish of Christmas shopping. Bring the children with you and turn them loose in our Toy Department while you shop all over the store. Tables of Toys and novelties at 5c, 10c, 15c and 25c. A big special feature in our Toy Department this year. See them.

A Magnificent Showing of Christmas Goods At the BIG STORE NOW

Come tomorrow, and don't go home until you see everything at this splendid Christmas store. Make full use of morning shopping now, for there's only 15 more shopping days until Christmas. Doors open at 8:30.

GIVE PRACTICAL THINGS THIS YEAR

There are hundreds of practical gift suggestions here. One trip through the store will help you more than anything else to solve the gift problem. Come tomorrow and spend the day at the Big Store.

GIVE GLOVES FOR ONE GIFT

We are headquarters for the famous Perrin's kid gloves. Our stock now is complete—the newest styles for the Holiday season have just arrived, including high-class novelties down to the staple styles. Black, white and all the popular shades with the two-tone and self-embroidered backs. Lengths from two to sixteen button. Every pair fitted and guaranteed. Price range. **$1.50 to $3.50**

GIVE A SILK BLOUSE ALSO

Beautiful new silk blouses—the very latest Holiday styles—silk, net, lace and crepe materials, among them the new exclusive French blouses. Everything new and stylish in blouses is shown in our Ready-to-Wear Section. See them tomorrow—Don't wait..... **$3.25 to $10.00**

DON'T FORGET FURS

They are more appreciated than anything else, especially when it comes to motoring in winter. We have a splendid stock of separate neckpieces and muffs—or matched sets. Come and let us show you through this stock now. Make your selection and we will hold it for you until Christmas.

OTHER THINGS FOR HIS OR HER GIFT

A new Mackinaw, Sweater Coat, box of Holeproof Hosiery, a good Umbrella, House Slippers, Bathrobe, Neckwear, etc. Nowhere will you find such a splendid stock for Christmas selection.

Tables of Toys and Novelties at 5c 10c and 25c

A Big Special Feature in our toy Department this year---SEE THEM.

S & H Stamps

ORANGE BELT EMPORIUM

POMONA, ... CALIFORNIA

Specials Fri. and Sat.

3-lb. can Statesman Coffee 65c	3 cans corn.....25c
3-lb. can Newmarks' Coffee 95c	3 cans pineapple 25c
3-lb. can Ben Hur Coffee..95c	3 cans oysters.....25c
3-lb. can Iris Coffee.....95c	3 lbs. soda crackers.....25c
3-lb. can Pleazall Coffee....80c	3 cans milk.....25c
3-lb. can M. J. B. Coffee....95c	6 small cans milk.....25c
5-lb can M. J. B. Coffee..$1.45	

Adams Basket Grocery

Announcement

For the past year we have had numerous calls by our lady customers for the best line of Women's Hose on the market.

Phoenix Hosiery

(Both Silk and Lisle)

¶ This line is unexcelled in quality, fit and price. Ask for any color or style, if we have not got it, we will gladly get just what you want. **It is our desire to keep the shoe and hosiery trade** at home. We will succeed if it is style, service, quality and reasonable prices you want.

Kirk's Bootery

By Correct Fitting
"Will Make Your Feet Glad."

Second Number of the Chaffey Chambers of Commerce Concert Course

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Cartoonist—Musician—Humorist

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Saturday, Dec. 12th

At 8.15 p. m.

The Dunbars say that Packard is the Greatest Cartoonist-Entertainer on the American Platform today

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Hear Him Saturday Evening

Season Tickets $1 **Single Admission 35—50c**

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FOR CASH
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H. Zweigart's Market
AND SAVE MONEY

East 9th Street **Upland, California**

Society

Club Notes—

The regular meeting of the Woman's Club will be held on Friday of this week as usual. The unfinished report of the District Convention C. F. W. C. will be given by Mrs. Julia Lyon. Mrs. William Bauerhyte of Los Angeles will speak on the "Maternity Home." Mrs. Bauerhyte's heart is in her work and her address promises to be forceful and to the point. Mrs. N. G. Pehl is chairman of the afternoon, while Mrs. H. C. Kennedy and Mrs. Julia Lyon will pour tea. The members are requested to make a special effort to come out to hear Mrs. Bauerhyte.

As the next regular meeting of the club would come on Christmas day, it was decided to bring the meeting forward to Wednesday and, as it is so close to Christmas and Christmas work is never quite finished, the meeting will be turned into a social afternoon and a "thimble party" will be enjoyed with Mrs. William Littlewood, Mrs. Perry Long and Mrs. Clark Landis in charge.

January promises to be a busy month for the club, for on the sixth of January, in the evening, the teachers of the Upland Grammar Schools and the husbands of the members will be the guests of the club; on January the eighth legislation is the subject on the program and on the twenty-second will be held the annual Reciprocity Day, when the surrounding clubs will be the guests of the Upland Woman's Club.

Rebekah Circle—

Mrs. E. A. Cooley most happily entertained Rebekah Circle on Wednesday afternoon of this week. A report from the sale, which was held last month, was made and after a short business meeting was held fancy work passed the time away very rapidly. Refreshments of sandwiches, cake and coffee were served by the daughters of the hostess. The following members and neighbors were present: Mrs. F. O. Bowden, president; Mrs. C. M. Sikes, Mrs. W. L. Brown, Mrs. Sturdevant, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. William Littlewood, Mrs. E. P. Fuller, Mrs. Jessie Osborne, Mrs. E. P. Chaffee, Mrs. Jennie Train, Mrs. George Crane, Mrs. John Rarick, Mrs. W. C. Reynolds, Mrs. Pike, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Grace Cooley, and Miss Jordan, Mrs. J. W. Bryden.

Fire Laddies Hosts—

Firday evening the Upland Volunteer Fire Department will entertain with a card party at the Woman's Club rooms. H. C. Moore, Bert Nichols and Fred Froehde have charge of the affair, which promises to be a most happy occasion.

Bazaar and Supper—

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid's cafeteria supper and bazaar came to a very successful conclusion Friday night, netting the ladies a very nice sum. The fancy work and souvenir booths were in the Francis Paul Girls' room on the south side of the church and the domestic booth in the boys' room on the north side of the building, in this way leaving the whole basement for the supper, and thus doing away with the waiting of other years. The tables were decorated in poinsettias and green, making a very pretty background for the good things served. The Francis Paul Girls sold candy as usual.

"Farmers' Ball" New Year's Eve—

On New Year's Eve in the Masonic hall, Ontario, there is to be a "Farmers' Ball" in aid of the British Relief Fund. This fund is used to help the widows and orphans left destitute by the war and also to assist the numerous Belgian refugees at present in England. It is expected that Upland and Ontario society will be present in force to help so worthy a cause. Tickets for the ball may be had from any of the patronesses or members of the committee.

The Upland patronesses are Mrs. D. Blaikie Hislop, Mrs. G. A. Hanson, Mrs. W. J. Stowe, Mrs. John N. Huehn, Mrs. J. H. Payne, Mrs. Beauer, Mrs. E. B. Clarke, Mrs. L. D. Temple, Mrs. J. H. Black; and the committee consists of the following: G. A. Hanson, B. B. Mann, J. M. Webster, J. H. Black, C. Latimer, D. B. Hislop, H. F. Bradburn, and Ian McLaren, honorable secretary.

TO CELEBRATE BOULEVARD'S COMPLETION.

"While the most of the State Highway work on the Foothill Boulevard will be completed soon, the route will not be aboslutely finshed yet for about two months owing to two very short pieces of road on the eastern and western borders of Claremont," said Frank Wheeler of Claremont, secretary of the Foothill Boulevard Association.

"But when it all finally completed and in order we are planning on the holding of a big celebration or something of that sort. Where that will be held has not yet been decided, but we Claremont people think we are eligible for the reason that the initial banquet launching the Foothill Poulevard plan was held in our city. Mr. Wheeler went on to say that the cities of Claremont and Upland are fast finishing the portions of the road."

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

Is your name written there? That is to say, among the list of those willing to serve the County in some capacity during the next four years? Supervisors were entertained Monday by Clerk Mack for the space of some ten or fifteen minutes, when he read the list of applications already on file, and January almost a month away. About 40 formal applications are already on the table, for places that range all the way from janitors to chief deputyships in the most important offices. The newly organized Board of Supervisors can take a day or two off to examine the list that will have accumulated by the first of the month.

Friends of Mrs. E. L. Westand are urging upon the new Supervisors her appointment as Superintendent of Schools of San Bernardino County, and she stands an excellent chance, at this time, of being placed in that position. Accompanied by five leading club women of the County and carrying with them petitions signed by club members of the County, Mrs. Westland appeared before Supervisors Horton, Riley, and Kincaid yesterday, but no decision was reached on the subject. It was expected that many appointments would have been made yesterday but nothing in the way of announcement was made by the three Supervisors whom it is expected will vote together when the appointments are made.

Mr. H. L. Wheeler is expecting his sister from Maine, Mrs. Howard, to spend the winter here.

Mrs. J. M. Brennan, of the Brennan Tannery and Shoe factory, which was formerly operated here, was in town Wednesday looking after his business interests here.

Mr. J. M. Brennan, of the Bren-
Mrs. W. H. Spicer passed a busy day in Los Angeles Wednesday.

Mrs. Lloyd Fox is spending the week-end in Los Angeles.

Little Ruth Palis is on the sick list this week, suffering with croup.

Mrs. Clara Payette of Riverside was a week-end guest of Miss Lhullier.

RIFLE WOUNDS HEAL QUICKEST

The German surgeons have begun to talk about their experience in healing the wounded in this war, says a Berlin dispatch. Prof. Payr of Leipsic University, who is acting as surgeon-general of the Saxon army, recently delivered an address at one of the improvised hospitals on the line of the German communications, in which he gave much interesting information on this subject.

Payr pointed out that the balls used in shrapnel shells produce much more dangerous wounds than rifle bullets. They carry into the body fragments of clothing, a corresponding quantity of dangerous germs, and they are much more likely to be lodged in the body. There was suppuration in 70 to 75 per cent of cases. The same danger is still more serious with wounds from fragments of shells. It was found, too, that this war has been especially marked by the great number of such wounds. Not only do shell fragments carry germs into the body with bits of clothing, but the dangerous gases from the shrapnel explosion often adhere to the fragments and balls in sufficient quantities to poison the wound. Lockjaw is often produced by wounds of this character, but by vaccinating patients with a tetanus serum the German surgeons have materially reduced the ratio of deaths in such cases since the first weeks of the war.

Especially dangerous are the wounds caused by fragments of bombs thrown by aviators. Even very small fragments often produce much more dangerous wounds than much larger pieces of ordinary shells. These small fragments penetrate very deep into the body, cutting through all blood vessls, and thick masses of muscle are cut through as with a sharp knife. Aeroplane bombs also frequently cause bad burns.

So far as simple flesh wounds from small calibre rifles are concerned, Payr found that these heal very rapidly. In most cases the wounded were able to return to the ranks within a week or two. Even in cases of chest wounds, healing is usually very rapid, even though the lungs be penetrated.

A new kind of wound has been caused by the sharp steel arrows thrown at great heights by French aeroplanists. These arrows when thrown from a height of about 5000 feet strike their victim at the velocity of a bullet just leaving the muzzle of a rifle. Payr says they produce very dangerous wounds.

Dr. Payr declares that the small bullet badly shatters the hollow bones of arm and leg when striking them at short distances, but that at greater distances they tend more to bore a smooth hole, with little or no fracturing. Bones near the joints are shot through smoothly, and the wounds heal with no difficulty. Another effect of the present type of bullet is to cut through the blood vessels, whereas, they would often be pushed aside by the older lead bullet and escape disruption. This is regarded by Payr as one dangerous result of the small calibre bullet, especially where veins and arteries are cut through deep in the flesh.

We Want Your Order
FOR
Your Christmas Supplies

EARLY

and if what you want is not in town, we will get it

WE WILL HAVE:

DATES	JONATHAN APPLES
FIGS	BALDWIN APPLES
RAISINS	SPITZENBERG APPLES
POP CORN	WINESAP APPLES
CRANBERRIES	BELL FLOWER APPLES
CELERY	PEARMAIN APPLES
GRAPES	WALNUTS
STRAWBERRIES	ALMONDS
PINEAPPLES	BRAZILS
OLIVES	PECANS
CANDIES	FILBERTS
PEARS	CHESTNUTS

and Everything in the Grocery Line

JOHNSON & BROWN
THE GROCERS

Phone 402 **Upland, Cal.**

OPPORTUNITY

Tell me not with solemn face
That you dread the Holidays
Because it is hard to buy,
To please the heart and suit the eye.

The fragile toy will soon be trash,
In childish hands will go to smash
Some useful thing tho cheap it be,
Should deck your beauteous Xmas tree.

An easy chair for busy daddie,
A go-cart for the little laddie,
Will help to ease the daily care
For life the little feet prepare.

A vase, a cut glass dish for mother,
Velocipede for little brother,
Sister may want something richer
A writing desk or fancy pitcher.

A picture to adorn the wall
Brings daily joy to one and all,
Is pleasing and instructive, too,
Tho old it be, is ever new.

Perhaps this year you may be able
To buy your wife a dining table,
A dresser or a chiffonier,
To fill her loving heart with cheer.

A look at our china ware
Will drive away your Xmas care.
Baskets, fancy, large and small,
A useful gift for one and all.

Mirrors, sweepers, teas, and vases,
Rugs, beds, rockers, and book cases,
Comforts, blankets, pads and pillows,
Easy rockers made of willows.

A trunk, a new suit case for brother.
The best is not too good for mother.
Gifts for every one and more
You find at

Upland Furniture Store

If you have something you don't want, there are others who do want it. Use News Classifieds.

Notice
the
Chaffey High School Lawn

It
is
regularly fertilized
with
GOLD BEAR BRANDS

Call Phone 79—or at 220 Second Ave.

S-A-L-E

We Have a Line of

INNER TUBES
BLOW-OUT SHOES
RE-LINERS
TIRE COVERS

That must be cleaned out before our annual stock taking. We are therefore, marking these down 33 1-3 to 50 per cent while they last.

GET IN ON THIS, IT IS THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME.

Upland Auto Company

"The Garage on the Avenue"

Phone 116 **UPLAND, CALIFORNIA**

In buying job printing consider first the place where you buy it, for equipment and experienced men mean much toward successful printing. The News Shop is fully equipped.

The Upland News

When it's a case of getting your business before the people The News Way reaches them. Be sure that people are reading the newspaper in which you are advertising.

VOLUME TWENTY, No. 30 — UPLAND, SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1914 — $1.50 PER YEAR

MOTORCYCLIST NEAR DEATH AS RESULT OF COLLISION

As the result of an accident which befell him late Saturday night while riding a motorcycle at a high rate of speed on the San Bernardino branch of the State Highway just east of Cucamonga, Arthur Charman, a fruit inspector for a Chicago concern, is in a critical condition at the San Antonio Hospital.

While riding towards Cucamonga, Charman collided with the rear end of a buggy. He struck with such force that he was thrown completely over the rig. His letf leg was badly fractued and he was picked up unconscious. Three Mexicans occupied the rig.

The accident occurred not far from the J. B. Lafourcade winery and Charman was carried there by the Mexicans, all of whom escaped serious injury. Dr. A. L. Weber was summoned and the victim of the accident rushed to the hospital. It was several hours before he regained consciousness.

The fact that the rig occupied by the Mexicans carried no light and that Charman was probably blinded by the bright lights of an approaching automobile is thought to have been responsible for the accident. The motorcycle, which belonged to Ray Suhr of the Williams-Lucas grocery at Cucamonga, and which had been borrowed by Charman, was completely wrecked.

Charman is said to have no relatives in this section. His parents are said to reside in Colorado. He had been making his headquarters in Upland.

AESOP IN MEXICAN GUISE

Here is a story with a moral which is a popular favorite in Mexico:

"Juan," said the father, "I will die pretty soon. All I can leave you is the little burro and a single bit of good advice. This is 'never attempt to have people satisfied with your conduct.'"

"Why?"

"Come and see."

The boy began to walk; then came the burro, and behind the old man.

"How stupid," the men said. "Why do they not ride the burro? No doubt the burro will ride on them tomorrow."

Both the old man and Juan heard this. Then the old man said:

"Now look here, my son; Jump on the burro and I will drive him."

They reached another town. People who saw them exclaimed: "The old man must be crazy and the boy is a 'sin verguenza.'"

"Did you hear that?" the old man questioned.

"Yes, father."

"Well, now I will ride the burro and you will drive him."

Another town was reached. Three men were passing by, and one of them said: "Never in my life did I see such a man; he is riding on the burro and lets the poor little boy march on foot. That is atrocious."

"Did you hear that?"

"Yes, father."

"All right, jump on the burro and we will both ride home."

They followed another trail, and on their road they met a number of people who came in the opposite direction, each one on a burro. Upon seeing the old man and his son riding the burro they exclaimed: "These must be savages. When shall we have a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals? Look at that stupid old man and his son riding together on that poor burro!"

"Did you hear that?"

"Yes, father."

"Well, never from now on try to have people satisfied with your conduct."—New York Sun.

TO AN APPLE PIE

Thou masterpiece of culinary art!
Ambrosia and nectar both combined
Could scarce so warm the cockles of the heart,
Scarce give the pleasure that in thee we find.

The senses reel before thy matchless charm,
The eyes are filled with ecstasy that rest
Upon the golden glories of thy form;
Thy perfume is like Araby the Blest.

We taste! But feeble words can ill express
The rapture into which our spirits drift,
We sip the honey of thy sweet caress,
And thank the gods for this their perfect gift.

—E. S. Rankin, In New York Sun.

MAC'S XMAS MENU!

A PEEP in our windows will tell you the kind of quality, the brand newness, the sparkling individuality of our gifts, and the honesty of our pricing. Valuable ideas, and many of them, the results of careful buying in the wholesale markets, are here displayed for Xmas shopping at your leisure. And what's more, you will enjoy to shop at Mac's. MAC'S GUARANTEED GIFTS:

Pyralin Ivory

Hand mirrors, hair, nail and hat brushes, combs. All kinds of manicure implements, separate and in sets; shoe horns, button hooks, glove stretchers, tooth brush holders, soap and powder boxes, picture frames, renewable buffers, hat pin holders, crumb trays, clocks, plain and decorated trays, all sizes, baby sets, blue and pink, perfume bottles, whisk broom holders, tie racks and stick pin holders, stamp boxes, jewel cases, hair receivers, powder puffs, and many other novelties.

For the Smoker

All popular cigars and cigarettes in holiday packages. Calabash pipes, meerschaum and brier pipes with amber bits, in cases. Barling, Comoy and B. B. B. London-made pipes with hard rubber stems, priced $1.00 to $7.50. All kinds of tobacco in handsome humidor packages. Smoking sets, ash tray sets, pipe holders, cigar lighters, English and American tobacco pouches, in rubber and in leather, cigarette cases, cigar cases, tobacco and cigar jars and cigarette humidors.

Eastman Kodak Goods

All sizes and kinds of Kodaks from Vest Pockets to 3A Specials. Kodak albums, developing and printing outfits, carrying cases, and all Kodak accessories. Brownies, vest pocket size to 3A Folding. Tripods, etc.

Stationery

Our Stationery display is worthy of larger quarters than we have room to allow. We can satisfy your wants for any gift requirement. A look over our line will undoubtedly give you some valuable suggestions.

Candies

California-made orange blossom chocolates, Exposition chocolates, "Necco" pure stick Canadian 2-lb. individual boxes, 50c per box.

Cut Glass

Nappies, bowls, knife rests, sugar and creamer sets, loaf sugar holders, vases, spoon trays, celery trays, water sets, oil and vinegar bottles, butter or cheese plates, punch bowls, fruit bowls, etc.

Miscellaneous Goods

Fountain pens, Waterman, Ideal and Rexall; Pullman aprons, safety and old style razors, goggles, silver filagree glassware, shaving mirrors, brushes and shaving sets, Midget vest pocket coat hangers, hot water bottles, covers free with each bottle, military brushes, Kuddle Kiddie dolls, rattles, rubber balls, baby hot water bottles, "Coaster" sets, carving sets, salad sets, all kinds and nationalities of Kewpies, Kewpie cards and calendars, Ingersoll and Rexall watches. Slumber slippers; brass and bronze goods.

Leather Goods

Flexible leather back, hat, cloth and hair brushes, single or in sets, leather backed mirrors, leather cased pocket combs, key rings in leather cases, music rolls, bill books, pocketbooks, collar boxes and bags, card cases, address and memo books, tourist traveling cases, leather cased manicure and brush sets, and many inexpensive novelties. Thermos and Universal Kits and Bottles.

Perfumes, etc.

Artistic effects in holiday gift packages of Harmony. Extraordinary values at 35c, 50c and 75c. Hudnut's perfumes and toilet waters. Colgate's Week-End packages; Colgate's Miniature Perfumes, fine odors, 25c. Gift packages for men and women. Williams' Gift Packages, etc., etc.

Christmas Cards

And after your nearest and dearest are supplied come the many friends for whom you wish to find some suitable vehicle of good-will and wishes. Right here comes in our exclusive line of A. M. Davis' Quality Christmas and New Year cards, folders and letters. In this line are expressed the best thoughts of such men as Henry Van Dyke, Robert Louis Stevenson, and others. These works carry your good-will messages, and the spirit of Christmas prevails throughout. Here's one:

"I am thinking of you to-day because it is Christmas, and I wish you Happiness. And tomorrow, because it will be the day after Christmas I shall still wish you Happiness, and so on clear through the year."—Henry Van Dyke.

A. M. Davis Christmas and New Year tags and seals, numerous designs, 5c and 10c packages.

Mac the Medicine Man at the Upland Pharmacy

A LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE BY BICKNELL YOUNG, C. S. B.

MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF LECTURESHIP OF THE MOTHER CHURCH, THE FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST, IN BOSTON, MASS.

LECTURER EXPLAINS DIFFERENCE IN PREVIOUSLY ACCEPTED IDEAS AND THOSE REVEALED IN MRS. MARY BAKER EDDY'S TEACHINGS

A large number of representative citizens from Upland and Ontario were present to hear Mr. Bicknell Young, C. S. B., of Chicago, a member of the Board of Lectureship of the Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Mass., who delivered a lecture on the subject of Christian Science in the auditorium of Chaffey Union High School, under the auspices of the Christian Science Church of Ontario, on Tuesday evening December 8. The speaker was introduced by Mr. Isaac C. Baxter, president of the First National Bank, Upland.

Mr. Young said:

It is an encouraging fact that however greatly our views may differ upon this or that subject, there is always in our natures and common to them all, one chord which responds to Christian Science, and that is the univerasl desire to prolong existence or, better still, to attain satisfaction and be sure of its continuity. Even the creatures beneath our feet want to live, and strive to do so, so that this instinct has come to be expressed in the axiom "Self-preservation is the first law of nature."

SEEKING KNOWLEDGE

It will perhaps be admitted that this may mean more than appears on the surface. So far as it can be analyzed this instinct exists without any volition on the part of the creature manifesting it, but at any rate it exists, and in the discussion of the profoundest thoughts of philosophy and religion it serves as a common meeting ground. It is this desire which responds to religious truth. It may be likened to the soil wherein the seed, being sown, finds nourishment and springs forth as ideas which reveal at once the scientific nature of Christianity and the sacred character of Science.

Such ideas are not transcendental in the common acceptation of that word. They are, however, not material, and for this reason systems of education founded largely or wholly upon material evidence find themselves at variance with Christian Science and naturally oppose it. This is not to be wondered at because even the basic idea of Christian Science education is revolutionary in that it shows that spiritual truth is demonstrable and offers unmistakable and overwhelming proof of that fact, whereas the generally accepted theories of science either deny that there is any such thing as spiritual truth, or, if admitting that there may be, reject the proposition that such truth is so concrete as to be capable of proof.

One who takes the pains to think deeply must conclude that the failure to recognize the demonstrable nature of spiritual truth has been due not to any lack of that characteristic in Truth itself, but to the limited religious and scientific theories which have erroneously insisted that the proof of scientific knowledge must be confined to the finite realm of the material senses, at the same time illogically admitting, as they must do, that true science is infiinte.

In accordance with such theories, prevailing system of education accept and teach that both good and evil are natural. Accepting the evidence of the material senses as true, such systems are necessarily involved in insurmountable difficulties. The moment they endeavor to explain a first great cause they are contradictory. Attributing both the good and evil in human experience to the same source, they pollute their conception of that source and the whole resulting thought is not only darkened but diseased. Christian Science shows unmistakably that an infiinite cause which all scientists and religionists, irrespective of form or creed, acknowledge, must necessarily be perfect, for any imperfection in infinity would imply infiinite imperfection which is an impossible proposition to either religion or science. The fact is that a first great cause is infinite Intelligence, for nothing less than Intelligence could be the one infinite cause. It should not be hard for any thinker to understand that infiinite Intelligence is necessarily infinite Wisdom, and one must inevitably conclude that infiinite Wisdom is wise enough to do everything in the right way at once without any experiments whatsoever. This thought of God, which is the only correct one that is possible, does away with the old idea of primary mistakes which have to be subsequently corrected, and entirely dissipates the notion that God incorrectly arranged a whole lot of things in the universe which man must afterward correct.

ENLIGHTENMENT, NOT BELIEF

This also disposes of a good many other things; it gives us enlightenment instead of belief; it shows that all things exist, and that the infiinite Cause has provided for their perfection and maintains that perfection forever. It is not possible to even think of God as less than perfect, and if one follows out that thought, it is not possible to conceive of a creation as less than perfect; consequently the theory of fallen man is an incorrect theory. It has its origin not in the first chapter of Genesis, but in the later chapters in which human thought, trying to account for its material evidence, turns away from God and says, "God created man of the dust of the earth," whereby Infinity is credited with having created that which infinity could not know—the finite. Now Christian Science comes to relieve human beings of these beliefs which have darkened human thought; It gives the true understanding; it starts with the perfection of being as the right standard for thought and investigation, and it proves by unmistakable results that when people maintain the right standard in their thought and lives, they gain spiritually in an immeasurably degree; they gain morally, as thousands of people testify, in an immeasurable degree; they gain immeasurably in the true basis of health, and they gain through religious conviction all this, which they have never been able to attain through any other teaching that they have ever known. Why? Because instead of relying upon belief, they understand an absolute Principle by which they can test thought and action.

The Bible says that there is such a thing as a Day of Judgment, and Christian Science says that there is such a thing as a Day of Judgment, but that it is altogether different from what it has been supposed to be—that it is not a certain time in which all people will be brought before some great king in a distant place to be judged for what they have or have not done, but that the Day of Judgment comes as "Science and Health, with Key to the Scriptures," by Mary Baker Eddy, tells us, "hourly and continually," and that it is right within one's own domain of thought. Right where one is thinking is his Day of Judgment, and he can take every thought to that throne of judgment which he has erected in his own understanding through the study of Christian Science and ask himself, "Is this thought correct? Is it according to Principle? Is it like the perfect divine Cause? If it were to have power and action and operate universally, would it bless all mankind?" There is his Day of Judgment; it is not a remote time, nor is it to be postponed to an uncertain place; it is now. When one begins to see these things he sees also that he must gain this standard, and, in order to do this he must understand God; he must know what God is, otherwise he will have no Day of Judgment, no power to judge, no Principle with which to discern and separate between good and evil. Christian Science shows us that we can gain this right way of thinking; that it is so natural and easy that every person spontaneously feels that it is just exactly the right thing to do, he only wants to know about it, and thus every person who has been a Christian says, "This makes me a better Christian,' and every person who has not been a Christian says, "Now I see why I must be a Christian; I cannot delay since there is nothing else to be."

MEANING OF "INFINITE"

We can begin to understand something of the meaning of the word "infinite" when we remember that the first great Cause, the one God, must be immeasurable and all-inclusive. This also gives us an idea of the eternality of the one God, the divine, infinite Intelligence, which in Christian Science is still better explaned through the use of the words "Divine Mind." If we would be immortal we must strive to awake as the image of that one God who is eternal. Eternal life, then, is to be attained, not by going to some other place, nor by suffering some great disaster, but by understanding and proving those facts which reveal and illustrate eternality.

The cause of the universe is necessarily the life and power of it. If we would live we must awake more and more in the image of the God who is Life. Still very often retaining the superstitions which the word "God" called up, because of wrong education, we are apt to think it an impossible requirement when we are admonished to be like God. The picture of some extraordinarily wonderful person, in the same sense that human beings are persons, is still likely to be aroused in the imagination, and we are apt to exclaim, "How can I be so great and wonderful as that?" But here Christian Science comes to the rescue and shows that the naturalness of Truth is its availability. If we had not been misled by wrong teaching we could easily have discerned some truth which would have made the word "God" more clear to us.

In "Science and Health" we read, "God is natural good." If we accept that statement we shall not find it so hard to make some effort to be like God, for it only means that we are striving to be like good, striving to be the image of good, the very expression of good, and if in this connection one should have any doubt about his ability to discern good, he can ask himself whether his thought, if it ripened into action, would be good for everybody, for under the analysis of Christian Science it is clearly shown that no experience is good for anybody unless it is also good for everybody, because good is infinite and universal. Christian Science gives us these facts and corrects many of our old philosophical and ethical views, for neither philosophy nor ethics has been founded upon the idea of primary, infiinte perfection.

NO HOPE IN OLD SYSTEMS

All systems of education accept the evidence of the senses as to man's being and destiny, and in so doing tend to perpetuate the destructive conditions of human experience. Ordinarily accepted religious views also coincide with such teaching, for they inculcate the idea that when evil has finally overcome a human being and destroyed him, then he will be immortal. None of these systems hold out the hope that there will ever be any present evidence of the destruction of evil and the triumph of the human being, but on the contrary all agree in accepting the evidence of the senses which indicate the destruction of man and the triumph of evil.

Now whatever may be thought of Christian Science from the standpoint of old education, it has the unquestionable advantage of being logical, and consistent. It shows unmistakably that a human being, however much of a sinner he may be, needs to be redeemed rather than destroyed, and that it is the proper ousiness of both science and religion to heal him of his diseases and to redeem him from his sins so unmistakaby that both the healing and the redemption shall appear.

One who is ill needs to be healed now.

One who is a sinner needs equally to be redeemed now. What is to heal the one and redeem the other, if it be not a knowledge that from the standpoint of God there is nothing wrong with the universe nor with man, for from that standpoint there is only perfection. Such an assurance arouses hope in the sick man. It turns him away from the constant thought of his diseases to the facts of his real being. In the same way it awakens the sinner not only to the hope of salvation, but to the immediate atttainment of it, at least in some measure. It encourages and greatly helps either a sick man or a sinner to find out that disease and sin have no origin in a divine Cause, and are not sustained by natural power or law.

KINGDOM OF HEAVEN NATURAL

The world has tried for centuries to theorize itself into happiness. How many have succeeded? Look down and up the centuries. See how many have attained; practically none. Has all the success that ambitious men have known given them happiness? Has all the wealth that untiring industry and other means have enabled people to accumulate given those people happiness? Have they found happiness in any place or in any way that was actually permanent? Have they seen anything like the Kingdom of Heaven? They have not, because it is not to be attained in these ways, and still the Kingdom of Heaven is just as natural as breath. Everything that is true is natural; the only God there is is natural good, always at hand, willing to save, more than willing, always ready; the only thing that needs to happen to a human being is to get ready himself, to understand, to be free, open, receptive, to let thought explain and define the nature of Deity, and by means of thought to find that he himself is being redeemed. The first step is to get rid of the superstitious beliefs that disease and sin are either necessary or natural. They are neither. A correct concept of God entails the rejection of all the theories which tend to perpetuate evil by ascribing it to Deity.

Sometimes it has been considered a dreadful thing that we should define the nature of God and show that some one can really think upon these great questions: What is God? What is Law? Where is Heaven? How can it be attained? We have been called presumptuous for this, and not infrequently unchristian. Now if it be unchristian to understand God; if it be unchristian to know something of His law, and to rest in the assurance of its power and dominion, then we are unchristian, but not otherwise. We stand today a few people, comparatively speaking, maintaining in human thought and experience certain divine ideas which are older than the human race, for they are eternal, and yet they are ever new, interesting and practical.

These facts are what we have to consider. Christian Science gives us the facts, and never gives us anything else and it shows us that the facts are all that any human being needs in order to be delivered from any kind of trouble, it makes no difference what it is; and it shows us furthermore that true Christianity consists in apprehending and making practical the divine facts which characterized both the thoughts and actions of Christ Jesus. It has generally been supposed there was something mysterious about our Redeemer, or that at any rate we were to be redeemed by some mysterious personality. Is this true? Jesus declared that that which was to redeem mankind always had existed and was available to mankind in any age if they would but understand it.

THE TRUE IS AVAILABLE

There has never been anything true that was not available to mankind or would not have been if they had been enough awake to perceive that it was true. Truth has always existed.

What then is the Christ that is to save us, if we are all to be saved through Christ? It is the Christ that was with Jesus, the Christ which enabled him to save others, and enabled the disciples to save others, from what? From something that God had afflicted them with? Materiality, limitation, fears, diseases, sin, death. No, it was to save them from that which God never gave them at all. That which God had given them they did not need to be saved from—that which human ignorance allotted to the human race is what we all need to be saved from, and Christ comes and ever will come in thought through power, through ideas that reveal God, to save us from those things until those things shall be no more, and step by step awakening more in the image of good, we shall find eventually that we are not human but naturally divine; and that awakening is salvation. Now it is to be done right where we are; it is no use to put it off. We cannot afford to postpone anything at all, because there is no time for that. Heaven is not a locality, remote or otherwise. It is something that we ought to enjoy at this instant; and it is true that it is appearing more and more through the demonstrations of Christian Science. Jesus said to his disciples, when he sent them forth, that if those to whom they went would not accept the word they were to be told "Notwithstanding be ye sure of this that the Kingdom of God is come nigh unto you."

Notwithstanding, whatever happens to any human being, the demonstration of Christian Science little by little is bringing the Kingdom of God nigh, because the Kingdom of God is but the kingdom of Mind, the kingdom of intelligent power, the kingdom of omnipotent Love, and that kingdom comes nigh unto those who begin even in some slight degree to take an interest in Christian Science, even though it be but an interest sufficient to read something, or hear something, or to consider whether it be true—still the Kingdom of God has come nigh unto them, and it will never forsake them, because the Kingdom of God, when it once comes nigh never knows how to go away.

Now, Christian Science has come to bring that Kingdom to us all, and to unite us on the basis of pure Christianity; to give not a theoretical knowledge of a personal Saviour, but one Christ, the one Christ which Jesus manifested, which constituted his Mind and power and all the incentive of his action and all the rule of his life, the same Christ which is infinite Truth revealed in the ideas which even now you and I are considering, the ideas which in themselves are not human but divine. When St. John said "God is live," he only said something that is true, that always was true; the idea itself could not have originated in St. John; he discovered it, or rather saw it so clearly that he set it forth in a simple expression which has never been equaled.

"God is love"; that is only one idea of what God is, but that idea is one with God; it has its origin in God, in infinity; it exists by the power and presence of God, and to the extent that you and I entertain it and know it, it is God with us and explains to us the divine Christ. When Truth comes to us more and more through the ideas which reveal it, those ideas have power, natural power; they originated in that which is Power; they are sustained by that which is Power. Is it such a strange thing then that Isaiah in prophesying the coming of Jesus saw that when that clear discernment of God shall appear among men, it would manifest itself as God, it would be "God with us,"—Immanuel? If the same ideas which constituted his mind are constituting yours or mine—and they do to some extent—for they are now being born, are they not God with us? Are we to deny God because forsooth in all these ages we have been told things about Him that we only superstitiously believed or pretended to believe? Can we not see that the infinite Mind is being revealed to men now in Christian Science?

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE EXPLAINS

Nobody has been asked to believe in Christian Science, and nobody ever will be asked to believe in it, for Christian Science does not advocate a proselyting process, but explains divine Principle. I should no more think of urging a person to believe in Christian Science than I should think of asking him to believe in the multiplication table. Neither one nor the other is in the realm of belief. We are not giving Christian Science lectures for the purpose of asking people to believe in it; we are giving Christian Science lectures because we want to help mankind, and we want to help mankind because we want to help ourselves, and have realized that the best way to help ourselves is to help others. No human being can be selfish and ever put off mortality. For one to attain immortality, which is the natural heritage that God has provided for all, we shall have to be unselfish. Jesus did not voice a mere religious admonition but a scientific necessity when he gave the rule, "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself." He also said, "Deny thyself and follow me."

Christians generally, but not very joyfully, recognize the necessity of self-denial. Christian Science explains it and makes it not only possible but glad. It is generally supposed to mean loss, whereas it means achievement. It means recognition and manifestation of the dominion which God gives to man. In self-denial one is not thinking of himself. If he were there would be no self-denial. He is finding the truth of being, and in that, peace and power and perfect poise. Jesus expressed the acme of self-denial in the words, "I and my Father are one."

Self-abnegation enables one to do good and it therefore a joyful occupation. It establishes liberty, which is the freedom to do good, since there is nothing but slavery in doing evil. God alone is infinite. Evil is not only finite but destructive. "The glorious liberty of the children of God" is to be found in this individual power to do good. This kind of power, which is the only real kind, is not limited in its results. It overcomes disease as well as sins, and yet God, who is this power, has seemed so distant and unnatural to us that when one is first told that Christian Science heals disease through the power of God, he is apt to doubt it, and perhaps even discredit the healing until it is proved to him, and then when the proof of the healing is offered, he is apt to believe that it is brought about in some other way.

GOD AND POWER ONE

It takes a great deal of instruction to convince the average human being that he word "God" does not mean something remote or inaccessible. Now we can think certain ideas which reveal God. We have seen that here. These ideas reveal power because God and power are one. They are God with us, and therefore power with us. We can think of our bodies, and as a matter of fact we think of them a great deal too much. Nevertheless, so long as that is our tendency, it ought not to be difficult for us to recognize that the true thought of what God is may affect our bodies, since some kind of thought is doing something to our bodies all the time. We walk because of mind; and talk and think, and wink our eyes, because of mind, and do everything else we are doing because of mind, and we do absoluteluy nothing because of matter, for matter cannot think nor talk nor walk by itself when thought is absent.

Because the human body seems to have sensation it is supposed that there is some kind of an intelligence inside of it giving it sensation, consequently material systems investigating only material phenomena and drawing conclusions only from such observations have located mind in the body, and religious systems have followed in the same line and located soul and spirit in the body; yet no kind of investigation has ever revealed any intelligence or spirit or soul in any human body. Really the words, Soul, Intelligence, Spirit, cannot be plurralized. They refer to infinity. They serve to express to us the fuller meaning of the word "God," and when we grasp their service in this respect we see that an infinite Intelligence is enough intelligence for everybody, and that an infinite Soul or Spirit is enough for everybody, and that it could not possibly be in anybody, and that the best a human being can do is to acquire the knowledge which as his intelligence begins to reflect the divine intelligence, and at the same time reflects the real Soul or Spirit which is God.

INFLUENCE OF THOUGHT

To recognize the nature and action of thought is educational. To arouse or awaken a human being to the necessity for correct thinking and the power to attain it as a habit, is the object of all true religious and philospohical endeavor. For this reason it is universally recognized that in order to produce good moral results it is necessary that moral teaching should be carried on, and in accordance with this necessity people are taught to guard themselves against evil thoughts whether audible or silent. Is there not the same necessity to guard against the thoughts of disease. What must then be the conclusion as to the present effort made through the press and elsewhere to instil the belief of disease into children, and others by means of processes that are called educational?

If it were not obvious that such efforts are basically wrong the result of the last 10 years prove them to be so. The advocates of such systems themselves admit that the diseases, which such so-called education was aimed to mitigate or destroy, have increased enormously in that decade, and any one who has observed carefully the influence of thought in human history should have no difficulty in perceiving that such results would necessarily follow such a wrong system; for, if one is to learn about disease and the constantly shifting theories which characterize medical science in order to guard himself against disease, if one to be forced to build up in his own thought images of disease and germs and microbes and bacilli through the use of charts and experiments in the laboratory and other means in order to be healthy, why would it not be necessary to familiarize the young, and others, with all the vices and sins that characterize depravity, in order that they may thereby gain in virtue and morality?

If it be true, as experience has proved beyond any doubt, that moral education and high ideals tend to improve character, why is it not equally true that the inculcation of true ideas as to the origin, cause and law of Being tends to improve health, and that contrary teaching tends to produce disease?

Nothwithstanding the somewhat common notion that Christian Scientists oppose sanitation and hygiene, the fact is that they are enthusiastic believers in, and advocates of both. Scrupulous cleanliness in everything is a rule among those who practise Christian Science. They require not only personal cleanliness but clean air, clean food, clean streets, clean water, clean clothing, clean houses, and that everything be clean with which they may be associated or surrounded. And then when all this is done, Christian Scientists are still unsatisfied, for Christian Science shows that little has been accomplished in the nature of true hygiene, and very little that is worthy of the name of sanitation, until the human mind itself is cleaned out and kept clean.

Jesus stated this fact more strongly than any one else could, and Christian Science practise has proved conclusively that to the extent that the human mind is emptied of fear, malice, envy, hatred, revenge, evil thinking, evil speaking, and all the beliefs of vice and sin and disease, just to that extent is a true sanitary system being established. And furthermore, Christian Science has proved in innumerable instances that when such a system of hygiene, purely mental, is established, all of the world's hygienic requirements are more than fulfilled, and just in that proportion also is the law of health unmistakably and permanently established, both individually and collectively.

Until Christian Science is understood in some measure at least, all the functions of the human body are carried on, not by a conscious knowledge of divine Principle, which knowledge characterized the mind "which was also in Christ Jesus," but by that conglomeration of human beliefs called the human mind. Thousands of us may entertain the same thought, but if that thought were to originate in one's brain it would be confined there, and only one person could have such a thought, and the other person would be obliged to have a different one. We can see from this that even human experience shows the utter impossibility of confining the mind or intelligence within the brain or body. Yet so general is the belief that mind has its source in brain cells that when the brain of the human being is injured the mind is apt to be affected unless something greater than human belief or material systems intervenes.

The human body never gets ill because of any inherent capacity to do so. To put it exactly as it is, the human body does not know enough to suffer. Deprived of mind it never suffers. In Science and Health and her other works, Mrs. Eddy has most clearly set forth the fact that it is the human or mortal sense of things that suffers. The mortal mind, so-called, is the sufferer, and she has enabled thousands of people through her books to prove that immortal Mind heals. The objection made to this is often to the effect that you cannot have thought without a thinker, and this contention is based upon the supposition that a person is a thinker by means of a mind which he contains. Christian Science shows that Mind is infinite and cannot be contained. The divine Mind is the primary and only thinker. When we learn to think with that Mind which Mrs. Eddy in Science and Health declares to be the only Mind of man, then what we call our mind will be so purified and regenerated as to manifest the omnipotence of good in healing the sick as well as in saving the sinner.

ELIMINATION OF EVIL

The fact that God did not and could not take part in any evil thing is a necessity in Christian Science. Whether we are theoretically able to account for evil or not is of no consequence. Almost every system of philosophy and religion has striven to do that, and yet evil has gone on increasing. Christian Science offers no theoretical explanation of evil. It declares the obvious fact that anything which is not a conceivable part of God's creation is not a conceivable reality, even though it seems to be real. The explanation that Christian Science gives is an explanation of good which from the standpoint of absolute Principle can be proved. It offers no further explanation of evil than its elimination, and declares that no further explanation is necessary, since the disappearance of evil in any instance shows that there is nothing there to explain. Good, however, goes on becoming more and more real. It explains itself, for it is the divine Mind.

The action of Truth in human consciousness has not been explained by old systems. Christian Science alone offers an explanation, and when this explanation is not found satisfactory it is because the mental nature of pure Science has not been discerned.

Really all science is purely mental. We do not go to schools or colleges to acquire anything more than thoughts or ideas. In view of the experience of all educational institutions which deal wholly with ideas, it ought not to seem strange that Christian Science should lay claim to being purely scientific, since it deals wholly with the purest ideas that can ever be entertained by a human being. Their efficacy in healing disease is only doubted because of a lack of better education on the part of general humanity.

MRS. EDDY'S DISCOVERY

If a human being uninstructed by Christian Science should hear of a wonderful machine to which he

(Continued on Next Page)

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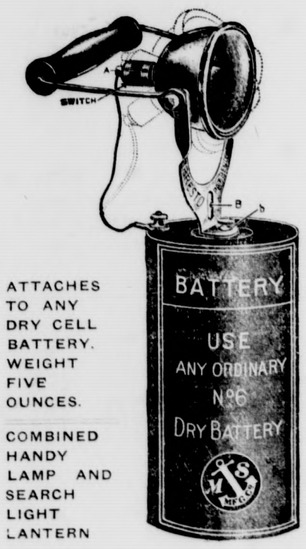

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AUTO TRUCKS IN WAR ZONE LAST FIFTEEN DAYS.

Stanley Smith of Smith Brothers, agents for Peerless, Premier and Ohio electric cars in Southern California, brought home some interesting war news from the Peerless factory at Cleveland. While at the factory he met several old friends who are acting as European salesmen for American cars, as well as a number of European buyers who are in this country seeking motor trucks for service in the English, French, and German armies.

Many surprising things were told the Americans by the men from the battlefields. One of the most startling was the fact that no matter how great the production of motor trucks in Europe, it was impossible to supply the needs of the armies.

The average life of a five-ton truck, thousands of which are in use on the 300-miles battle line, is only fifteen days. That means that every month the war lasts probably twenty thousand trucks must be supplied the different armies.

There are many reasons for the short life of the truck. Most of them have replaced horses in bringing up big guns and ammunition wagons to the firing line. Very often they are run with insufficient oil. They are exposed to the withering fire of the enemies' guns. Shell after shell crashes through the truck and finally one of them hits the motor, the transmission or another vital point of the truck and its career is ended.

Not all are destroyed by the guns of the enemy. In the fierce sorties of the rival armies trenches are taken and retaken. Often the attack is so fierce that there is no time to move the trucks, and they are blown up to prevent them from coming into the hands of the enemy.

Subject to Hard Use

Thus it will be seen that the motor truck, while playing a more prominent part in the war than any other type of vehicle, including the aeroplane, is subjected to harder usage than all the others, and it is no surprise that the buyers for the different armies are depleting the American market of trucks of all sizes.

The last order of trucks which left the Peerless factory included many which had been called in from distributing points at the market price, as well as the entire output of the factory's truck department.

Pleasure Cars Protected

Pleasure cars are not being subjected to such hard treatment as the trucks. Those which go to the front are armored and protected. The majority are used for orderlies and couriers and the officers of the general staff. Line officers, who are on the firing line at all times, still use horses or march with the men.

In the French trenches there are many amusing scenes. The French soldiers are inveterate gamblers, and being unable to find any other method of gambling, they lift sticks about the size of a broom handle above the line of the trenches and bet on the number of seconds or minutes before the stick will be shot away.

U. S. RICH.

Over 1,000,000 motor cars of all kinds are in daily use in this country, and the number is increasing by hundreds every day. The value of the output of the motor car industry last year was approximately $250,000,000.

The exports of motor cars and their allied products last year amounted to $37,000,000. It is absolutely impossible to calculate the amount of money represented in this business, because an accurate estimate is lacking of the number of workingmen employed because of this industry and its kindred trades. However, the aggregate in one case runs into the hundreds of millions and in the other, into hundreds of thousands—counting garage employees and chauffeurs.

Yet fifteen years ago this vast industry, which now stands well at the top of all American industires, was inconsequential.

Today over $200,000,000 is invested in the manufacture of moving picture films, and 200,000 persons are regularly employed to produce them. The first ten months of the current fiscal year the exports of films amounted to $5,520,964, an increase of 100 per cent over last year. It is not known how much money is invested in the exhibition of movies. No town is too small to have at least one movie house.

Yet seven years ago this business was looked upon about the same as a peanut stand.

The creation of brand new industries calling for the investment of tens of millions and the employment of tens of thousands, together with the creation of brand new retail arteries, which represent an equal investment is one thing which has kept this country going ahead while other nations for ten years have been facing financial and industrial depression. It is the inventive genius of the American and his initiative that has made him the wonder of the world.

When a man has gone to seed it is high time to plant him.

LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

(Continued from Preceding Page)

could resort at any time and have it work in his behalf to remove his evil tendencies and any of his diseases, he would be lost in admiration at this extraordinary invention and he would exclaim, "What a wonderful scientific discovery!" It goes without saying that no such machine has been discovered or will be, for the simple reason that diseases and sins are too deep seated to be reached by any mechanical means. There was something, however, discovered in the year 1866 by a lone New England woman whose thought was clear enough to perceive facts far more scientific than any which had been revealed through the evidence of the senses, and who was strong enough of purpose to set forth these thoughts in such a way that they could be discerned and practised, which was of far greater importance to the human race than any other discovery that has ever been made. Christian Science as given to the world by Mary Baker Eddy is not less scientific because it is not mechanical or material, and it has the advantage of healing the diseases considered incurable, a thing which no material or mechanical thing could do.

One who really apprehends anything of Truth knows that it is mental and that being without beginning or end or any kind of measurement, it must be progressive in our experience. The application of it cannot even be formulated, and so far from being mechanical is it, that the perception of today is but the stepping-stone to the greater understanding of tomorrow. The thought which constitutes the healing process of Christian Science is not less scientific because of its progressive nature, on the contrary it is more scientific on that account since it is more spontaneous and original. The divine Mind, as we apprehend it more and more, means to us necessarily the very acme of originality. There is no limit to the possibilities of the enlightenment which the study and practise of Christian Science brings. For this reason no formulas are possible in the mental processes of Christian Science healing.

All essentially religious experiences belong to Christian Science. Though we have no material rites, we have a baptism which is thus spoken of in Science and Health, page 241: "The baptism of Spirit, washing the body of all the impurities of flesh, signifies that the pure in heart see God and are approaching spiritual Life and its demonstration," and although we have no material rite of communion, yet communion is an essential and continuous experience of a Christian Scientist, for in its true meaning it is the recognition of the unity of God and man, and at the same time, some present and constantly increasing proof of that unity. Christian Science healing rests upon no other basis than this. It does not consist of the transmission of thoughts. No Christian Science practitioner would think of enlisting his human will. Christian Science teaches that there is one Mind, and that the theory that thoughts can be sent from one person to another is consequently false. The phenomena of the divine Mind are divine thoughts.

OMNIPOTENCE OF DIVINE MIND

The most that the Christian Science practitioner does for a patient is to recognize the omnipresence and omnipotence of the divine Mind, and the availability of that Mind in the thoughts which constitute a Christian Science prayer or treatment. While Christian Science healing is mental healing, it would not be worth while if it were what is ordinarily associated with that term. It is the true mentality which Jesus taught and practised. It is the Christ healing. To suppose that Christian Science is anything else is absurd to any one who has had proofs of this Science, for he knows that nothing but Omnipotence would be equal to the task of healing the thousands of cases which have been healed in Christian Science.

The Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science brought to light that which was promised when Jesus said, "He will send you the Comforter, even the spirit of truth, to abide with you forever." It is this knowledge of the impersonal Saviour or Christ Truth which constitutes both the Science and the Christianity of Christian Science. If Mrs. Eddy had stopped at the discovery of Christian Science, hundreds of thousands of people could not say, as they now do say, that they are grateful for Christian Science. The wonderful thing that she did for mankind was to discern the method of Christian Science, by means of which any person can begin the transforming process which St. Paul speaks of, and by means of which one demonstrates in some degree the true relationship of God and man, by recognizing its present reality and availing himself of its law.

REVEALED TO MRS. EDDY, DISCOVERER AND FOUNDER OF FAR-REACHING RELIGIOUS AND SCIENTIFIC MOVEMENT.

We are apt to think of revelation as something imposed upon man by God, but a more consistent understanding of the word shows that its meaning is best apprehended when one understands its naturalness. That Mary Baker Eddy was inspired when she discovered and set forth the truth of Christian Science cannot be doubted, and yet that inspiration, that revelation, required first receptivity.

It was this readiness, this ceaseless responsiveness to divine Mind which characterized her whole career and made her the leader of the most far-reaching religious and scientific movement that the world has known. It was this same responsiveness which has made of Christianity a science resulting in such untold benefits to mankind that thousands of people spontaneously reverence and love the name of the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, Mary Baker Eddy.

This state of receptivity has been wonderfully exemplified in all of those instances where spiritual mindedness characterized man. In Christ Jesus, it was his very nature. In the endeavor to explain the birth of the Christ idea, St. John in Revelation says: "Behold I stand at the door, and knock; if any man hear my voice, and open the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with me."

In Science and Health Mrs. Eddy says: "Truth, independent of doctrines and time-honored systems, knocks at the portal of humanity." If Truth, which is thus ever knocking, be given admittance, it begins the awakening process by removing superstition. It frees us from the belief that material theories and things could do more for us than God could do. It shows why it is that divine Power is made available as demonstrable Science, healing sickness in the process of redemption. It takes off the limitations of human belief and the tendency to outline the infinite blessings of the infinite Mind. It shows us that we cannot see either God or His creation in such a limited way as the material senses require, and that Solomon, in praying for wisdom rather than for special things, did the very thing which afterwards was shown forth in all prosperity and success. Jesus gave the final rule when he said: "But rather seek ye the kingdom of God; and all these things shall be added unto you."

CITY URGING TRUCK TO CUT LIVING COST.

Motor trucks are strongly recommended as a means of preventing the increasing cost of living in Chicago, in a preliminary report issued by the Chicago Municipal Markets Commission, appointed by Mayor Harrison. After showing that the city consumer pays an average of $1.90 for produce that the farmer sells for $1.00, the commission states that it costs more to haul 100 pounds of potatoes, fruit or other farm products five miles from the docks to the city consumer or the retail store than to ship them by boat from Michigan to Chicago, and it costs nearly half as much (50 cents) to deliver a ton of coal from the railroad tracks to the consumer in the business district of the city as it costs to ship the coal 400 miles by rail ($1.05) from Southern Illinois to Chicago.

It is estimated that in an area of less than two square miles in the heart of the city 150,000 tons of freight are hauled daily. About 1000 teams are engaged in hauling food products, exclusive of the delivery service of the retailers, and, to make a profit for their owners, single teams must earn about $6 a day and double teams $8.

"Team hauling is decidedly antiquated," observes the report. "Because of the congestion existing in the street of the central business district and the consequent inadequacy of the street to afford free passage to vehicles, the average wagon or truck spends about one-third of its time actively hauling commodities and two-thirds in waiting, loading, unloading, and in delays to traffic.

"Animal transportation is out of place and an archaic survival. Under present methods of hauling, food products are invariably exposed for hours to the heat of the sun. The motor truck as a carrier of food products assures to the consumer better food, lower prices and a lower cost of hauling. Detailed comparisons showing the cost of hauling by horses and wagons and motor vehicles indicate that the average cost of hauling in the city by motor is 11¼ cents per ton mile as compared with 17¾ cents by horse, a saving of 36 per cent.

"The average cost of deliveries by department stores, grocery stores and meat markets is shown to be approximately 8 cents by motor and 16 cents by horse."

2000 PENNIES FOUND ON MISER

The curious discovery of an old miser at Tombstone, Ariz., the first of the week who had hoarded 2000 pennies, ended what had been up to that time a fruitless search for the copper coins needed by the Mountain States Telephone Company for the use of its Southern Arizona patrons in paying the new war tax of 1 cent on each long-distance call.

Manager Burgess of Tucson told his cashier, J. N. Davis, to round up all the pennies possible in Tucson, but he could only find 400. Calls were then sent out to the neighboring towns for pennies. The operator at Tombstone sent back the message, "We can only round up 32 pennies."

This made some gloom, for other cities were reporting small stacks of the coin. Later, however, joy broke in the Tucson district office when the operator from the old mining camp phoned over, "We have located an old miser who has 2000 pennies saved up."

The operator was instructed to buy them at a premium and peace and happiness settled down over the troubled officials.

MUTUAL GOOD WISHES

Lloyd George, after distributing prizes at a school, said he hoped the children would have a good record when he came again. Thereupon they arose and with one accord said: "Same to you, sir."—Argonaut.

IN THAT CASE?

Master: Eliza, I'm tired out with all this newspaper reading. Don't let any one disturb me for the next half hour, even if it's the German Emperor!

Eliza: No, sir; but should I ask 'im to wait?—Sketch.

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Automobiles

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The Furniture Men POMONA, CAL.

FRUIT GROWERS PLAN A BIG MEET IN JULY NEXT

Arrangements already have been started for the summer meeting of the State Fruit Growers' convention at Stanford University the last week in July.

This convention will probably surpass even that of Davis with its registration of over 800 persons and that of Los Angeles with over 1300 registered. This meeting will equal that of Davis in its setting and will surpass that of Los Angeles in the fact that all the meetings and social intercourse will be massed in the same building.

Writing from Berkeley concerning the summer meeting, Dr. A. J. Cook, State Horticultural Commissioner, says:

"At the risk of prosecution by the State Fish and Game Commission I will dare to suggest that all of the fruit growers who attend the sessions of this convention may kill at least four birds with one stone-throw. They will receive the valuable aid which all these conventions extend; they will have the opportunity of meeting and hearing more distinguished fruit growers than are likely to gather together again in our State for years to come.

"The fact of the exposition and the meetings of the American Science Association will enable us to make a program rarely surpassed. Already we have promises from some of the great men of the country to be present at this convention. The laides' annex will be a feature of the convention, and Miss L. D. Clark of the State University has consented to take charge of this division. Mr. Grubb, the author of the work on potatoes, has promised attendance. A full session at least will be devoted to the potato industry. Pear blight, slighted at Los Angeles, will be discussed by very able experts. One-half day will be given to a ride through the famous Santa Clara Valley. On Saturday all will go to San Francisco to attend the great exposition. This will be 'Horticultural Day,' at the great fair. Every California fruit grower should plan at once to snare these four birds."

GAINS FAME AND FORTUNE FROM STRAWBERRY PATCH.

Thomas A. Murray of Placerville after many years' scientific study of strawberries, now believes he has found the perfected article. He has named it "The Twenty-one," and, although he has only nineteen plants at the present time, he values them at $5000. This berry is sweet and luscious, not exceptionally large, but possesses qualities which withstand long trips, and is exceptionally prolific in bearing fruit. He has shipped them to the Atlantic seaboard and learned they were received there in excellent condition. This berry Murray evolved after eleven years' study and after numerous experiments. With strawberry culture Murray has accomplished wonders.

He has perfected another strawberry, named by him "The Wild Irish Rose," which is most delicious and toothsome. Another of Murray's berries is a cross between the tame and wild strawberry, making it as large as the commercial product, but as dainty and sweet as the cherished wild mountain berry.

Murray's ranch is twenty-two miles from Placerville on the Grizzly Flat road and at an elevation of 2000 feet higher than Placerville. He raised 140 crates of fine berries this season and next year will plant sufficient vines to increase this yield to 1800 crates. He has no trouble in selling his berries at the ranch for $1.50 a crate, and the more fancy berries are known to have brought $5 a crate. Murray caters especially to the large hostelries of San Francisco and Sacramento, and says the demand from other sources far exceeds his supply. His larger berries are as big as apples and as solid, and six and seven of them will fill a quart measure.

CUTTING IN AFTER PASSING AN AUTO IS DANGEROUS.

"The practice of some drivers cutting in front of a car they have passed before they are sure of clearance is one that should be discouraged," remarked a prominent tire man recently. "There are too many drivers on the road now who insist on traveling at top speed and crowding cars in front of them into the ditch by these tactics, and some serious accidents have resulted.

"Of course, every one should observe the rules of the road which say to drive as close to the right, but these road 'hogs' are not content with all the road in which to pass. They want their fellow motorist to drive out into the ditch.

"Common road courtesy demands fair observance of the road rules, and, more than that, safety makes it necessary. The motorcycle squad would do well to look into this evil and try to correct it."

. . . The Quality Store . . .

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

Ask us for Christmas Suggestions

IF YOU don't see what you want in this store, ask for it; we probably have it; if we haven't, we'll get it for you.

We can't give you a complete list in the space we have here; but will advise that our showing of gifts suitable for a man's Christmas far exceeds any of our previous efforts and only a look will convince you this store is the store for your Christmas shopping.

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes—suits, overcoats, dress clothes—head the list; you couldn't give a better gift for $20 or $25 or $30 or $35.

House Coats & Bath Robes

Any man is glad to own these things; an unusually complete selection of the newest, in all sizes and patterns, $3.50, $5, $7.50, $10 and $12.

Neckwear

Four-in-hands in diagonal stripes and striking figures; bat-wing scarfs—all in stunning new patterns at 25c to $2.

Hosiery

A fine Christmas box of silk or lisle hose, all the new colors and shades. The best things at the price you want to pay, 15c up.

Handkerchiefs

Linen handkerchiefs at 25c and 50c; others for less; initials for 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c; colored or plain.

Gloves

You can get anything you want here in gloves; a man never has too many pairs. Here are gloves for driving, for dress, for street, for warmth, for work, every kind of glove you can think of, 50c to $4.50.

Shirts

You can get some fine things in these necessities. Silk shirts, flannel shirts, dress shirt, business shirts from $1 to $5. Nightshirts and pajamas 50c to $5.

Note:

A nice idea is one of the special sets; cravats, hose and handkerchiefs to match; or hose and cravats; or cravat and clasp; in Christmas boxes. Many clever combinations at small cost.

You may not know the correct size. It doesn't matter, make a selection and we'll be glad to fit the merchandise afterward.

We Give the Valuable American Trading Checks

BOOTH-VAUGHN

WHERE THE GOOD CLOTHES COME FROM

234 West Second Street Pomona, Calif.

RIVERSIDE STATION HAS CUTTING OF THIS VARIETY

For many years horticultural explorers have heard of seedless grapefruit supposed to be grown in Siam. In 1902 a plant was established in the orange house of the Department of Agriculture, but when it bore, the fruits were found to be full of seeds, which were encased in a skin an inch thick, in numerous tough segments of bitter pulp. The Siamese "seedless pomelo" was a poor thing in every way. It has since been decided that the tree might have a perfectly good seedless grapefruit, with its fruit ruined by cross-pollination from the other citrus trees in the greenhouse.

Mr. H. J. Boyle of the U. S. D. A. was familiar with this episode, and on learning in the Philippines that the seedless grapefruit is actually grown in Siam, he was commissioned by the Department to go to Siam and make a study of the matter. He did so, and through his efforts the fruit is now established in the Philippines and introduced into the United States.

Now that the grapefruit business is so active in Florida, this fact is of a good deal of importance. Mr. Boyle states that the best variety introduced is "the best citrus fruit of the decumana type in existence, both in shape and flavor, and excellent for market purposes.

The navel orange has to a large extent driven out of the market the orange containing seeds. The seedless grapefruit will do the same thing in the pomelo business unless Mr. Boyle is greatly mistaken—and he has had a fine chance to inform himself in the premises.

Incidentally, such things as this show the value of agricultural explorations, and of institutions empowered to have such tasks performed.

FISHING THROUGH LAKE ERIE'S ICE.

Few and far between are the winters that do not provide an opportunity to fish through the ice of Lake Erie. As soon as a period of still, cold weather has formed a thick enough covering to warrent the venture, scores of men with dog sledges, and other equipment suggestive of polar exploration, open the winter fishing season. In the December number of Popular Mechanics Magazine appears an account, by Roy C. Downer, of the methods employed by the fishermen. He says:

"Regardless of how luck is running, care is taken not to stay out too long. It is the aim of the fishermen to be close ashore by the time darkness sets in, which means that a start must be made by 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon, unless a sudden drop in temperature compels breaking camp earlier. The lines are hauled, the 'tip-up' sticks removed, and the windbreak taken down, with the exception of the poles, which are left standing for the following day. All the equipment, together with the 'catch,' is then packed in the sleighs and the homeward journey begun. If a fisherman spends six hours watching his 'tip-ups' and succeeds in landing one fish each hour, he considers himself in fair luck."

BIRDS CARRY WAR MESSAGES

"Thousands of carrier pigeons are being used as bearers of dispatches for the armies at war in Europe," says the December Popular Mechanics Magazine, in an illustrated article. "In Germany some 8000 of these aerial messengers have been trained for military service, while French statistics show that the number in that country approaches 15,000. Some are also in service as military photgraphers. A small, light camera is strapped to the breast of a pigeon. As the bird flies, the camera operates, making numerous exposures which record details of the territory beneath. The use of the birds is most common, however, as a means of communication between fortifications under siege, or to and from spies in hostile territory.

"Many ingenious methods have been devised for perfecting this form of transmitting advices, such as stamping the messages in cipher on the under feathers of the wings. During the Franco-Prussian War of 1870-71, when Paris was besieged, the pigeon post assumed an important place. A system was developed for reducing messages, by means of photography, to microscopic size and transferring them to thin strips of collodion. Approximately 16,000 words could be put on a film no larger than a couple of postage stamps. Eighteen or twenty of these pellicles, containng words enough to fill three or four large books, were wound tightly and inserted in a quill attached to a tail feather of a pigeon."

In planning your job printing remember that The News Shop is the place to get your work done. Our equipment is complete and our workmen are men of wide experience.

LOCAL NEWS

Jake Durig and his men are at home again after plastering the home of John C. Coy at Highland. Mr. Coy is a deputy horticultural inspector, holding the same position in the Highland district that J. F. Anderson holds in the Upland-Ontario district.

We have a nice line of diamond rings, also signet rings, etc. These make very appropriate Christmas gifts. See Palis the Jeweler.— 30t1

Mrs. Ida Blakeslee Brown, a cousin to H. D. Blakeslee, was buried at Rosedale cemetery, Los Angeles, Saturday, November 28. Her death occurred at Escondido and she leaves a husband and four children to mourn her loss.

The San Antonio Heights Union Sunday School will meet Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. J. G. Henry. A fine Christmas program is being planned by those in charge of the school.

Beginning Monday, Dec. 14, our store will be open evening. Don't miss our evening specials next week. Something special every night from 6 to closing time. Haury & Co.—adv. 30t1

Rain began falling early this morning to the entire satisfaction of the people of Southern California. Let J. Pluvius continue his good work, for if we have plenty of dampness there is little danger of J. Frost getting in his work.

During the next two weeks it is going to be a pleasure and satisfaction to visit local business houses, for business men generally are preparing for the holiday season as never before.

Most complete line of casseroles in the city at Mehl Hardware Company. —adv. 30t1

Oranges are being packed out for the Eastern Christmas markets. However, not many of them will go forward, according to the reports of the various managers. While the fruit is coloring up in fine shape, especially for this early date, yet it is not really delightfully palatable as yet and it is not deemed wise to make a heavy shipment, thus early. Growers are delighted since the recent rains, not only for the aid to the trees, but also as added protection from frost.

Revenue stamps, also bright new currency for Christmas may be had at the First National Bank—ad.30t2

An unusual number of hobos are infesting this city, many of them having heard of the rather warm reception they will get at San Bernardino. They seem to make a detour, or side-step, and passing by the County seat, they again fall in line and march upon Upland and Ontario. Housewives in many parts of the city are besieged daily by a request for a bite to eat. A quiet tip, however, is to lock all your doors, upon leaving your homes.

Nice creamery butter, 35c; Limburger, brick and longhorn cheese, sauer kraut, dill pickles. Special for Saturday, pot roasts, 15c a pound. Zweigart's Cash Meat Market.—adv. 30t1

Clyde Doyle and several boys from the George Junior Republic will speak at the Y. M. C. A. rally Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sunday is California State Boys' Day and the local Y. M. C. A. will observe it by this meeting. Boys and young men are especially urged to attend.

C. W. Churchill expects the arrival today of a fine "Baby Doll," which will be placed in the window. He said something about a human doll, but at this time the wires became crossed and the conversation was cut off. We will await the arrival of this baby doll with anxiety.

All sizes of tricycles and express wagons. Mehl Hardware Company. adv— 30t1

Alvin H. Goettel, a brother of Rev. O. F. Goettel, was called to his reward Saturday evening, Dec. 5, at the home of his parents in the Chino district, at the age of 26 years. The funeral was held from the Draper chapel Monday, Rev. Scott of the Pomona Nazarene Church officiating. The music was furnished by the evangelistic singers now at the Pentecostal Church of the Nazarene in Ontario. The floral offerings were many and beatuiful. Interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

Our line of ladies' watches is complete this year. You had better buy one for daughter for Christmas. See Palis the Jeweler.—adv. 30t1

The 19-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Smith of Cucamonga died at the home of his grandparent, Mr. John D. Harper, in Cucamonga, Friday. The death of the infant was unexpected and the parents have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement. The funeral took place from the Draper chapel Saturday, Dec. 5, Rev. Fred Miller officiating.

That while Ontario's electrical wiring ordinance gives protection to two or three citizens, it robs nearly 8000 was the stand taken Monday evening by W. H. Tuttle, a rancher of West Tenth Street, when he appeared before the Ontario City Council to learn if there was any manner in which he could obtain light for his new home in which his lighting fixtures had been hung by a high school boy without the payment of $25 for an electrician's license. Mr. Duncanson who did the wiring procured a license Tuesday morning.

Toys, toys, and more toys, for the little folks. Santa Claus says our prices are absolutely right. Haury & Co.—adv. 30t1

Mrs. E. A. Cooley was a Rialto visitor Tuesday evening, returning on a late car.

Mrs. George A. Cable went into Los Angeles Tuesday on business and pleasure combined.

F. L. Purvis was in Los Angeles on business last Thursday.

Full line of 1847 and Community silverware. Mehl Hardware Company.—adv. 30t1

Mrs. Ella L. Westland and Mrs. F. H. Manker accompanied Miss Gertrude Reid of Alta Loma to San Bernardino Wednesday by auto. Mrs. Reid and her daughter, Mrs. Owen, were also of the party.

T. H. Harris was the lucky man to draw the 1915 Studebaker as a prize offered by the Western Coffee Co. of El Paso, Texas. Mr. Harris had some 10,000 coupons to his credit which drew the desired prize, and within a few days he will be riding about the city, and may take some of his unlucky friends for a short ride.

Christmas-gift magazines that your friends and family may expect! Don't disappoint them. Phone Powell, Magazine Man, 315-J.—adv. 30t2

Alton Packard, the cartoonist, will appear at Chaffey Union High School Saturday evening under the auspices of the Chambers of Commerce and Chaffey Union High School Entertainment Course and indications are that a record house will greet Mr. Packard, for many here have heard him and he comes highly recommended not only by outsiders but by local people as well.

Tenth Street to the east of the city has been suffering at the hands of those desiring loads of dirt. Many loads have been carried off but the property owners there have put a stop to further work along that line and plan on improving the thoroughfare and laying it out in city lots.

Our stock of Christmas merchandise is complete. We carry everything in our own exclusive line that your heart desires. If it's for gifts Palis has it.—adv. 30t1

Mrs. Kate Deets, Miss Edith, Don and Gordon McKean and Joe Just passed a pleasant day in Los Angeles Wednesday.

Misses Ada and Effie Brenneman and Miss May Brunk are visitors here from the East.

Mayor T. R. Woodbridge is spending a short time at Phoenix, Arizona.

Mr. G. W. Hursey and wife are in Los Angeles.

See our vanity cases, mesh bags, toilet articles, before buying your Christmas presents. Palis the Jeweler.—adv. 30t1

Charles H. Groves of Los Angeles, who bought the Fashion stables from A. V. Neff, took possession the first of the month.

Mr. Farnum Damon is now lacted at Orange.

Messrs. Ed Morley of Nebraska, and Ernest Morley of Watoke, and Mrs. George Giffen of Fowler, Cal., came this week to attend the funeral of their sister, Miss Susie Morley.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. C. Cornett, December 2, a fine boy.

Mr. Ira Dinger is transacting business in Pomona today.

Get that choo choo train for your boy now. Springs in the engines guaranteed. $1.25 to $5.00. Extra track 5c a section; also have extra switcehs and crossings. Haury & Co., Upland.—adv. 30t1

Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Rae, on Fifth Street, entertained Sunday at dinner Mr. and Mrs. Ira Dinger.

Miss Roberts of Los Angeles will be a week-end guest of Mrs. Edwin Bowman.

Roy Booth, deputiy constable of Cucamonga, has purchased a new Ford.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Badger are visiting at Long Beach.

Beginning Monday, December 14, the Atwood Department Store will keep open evenings until Christmas. The managers of this store have put forth special effort in selecting a large and varied supply of Christmas goods. They have an unusual line of acceptable gifts in each department. Their ad this week calls special attention to men's gifts, and next week a special line for ladies will be given.

Suitabel presents for the "kiddies" —footballs, tennis racquets, gloves, mitts, bats and baseballs. Just received a big shipment. Mehl Hardware Company.—adv. 30t1

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Kincaid who resided on Third Avenue have moved to Cucamonga, where they will reside in the future.

Mrs. C. F. Hanson, who has been demonstrating "Califene" at Johnson & Brown's this week, reports very good sales. Her lovely cake was won Wednesday at the drawing by Mrs. J. P. Hogan who held the lucky number which was 15840. Mrs. Hanson will be at Green's grocery for the remainder of the week.

Mrs. Derwin will entertain the Presbyterian choir Friday evening with a wiene roast.

The American Model builder—the best toy for the American boy—interesting and instructive. Haury & Co.—adv. 30t1

Miss Elizabeth McQuillen and her father arrived from the East today and will make this their future home.

Mr. Bert Perschbacher is building an addition to his house on East Ninth Street.

Contarctor Peterson is building a five-room bungalow on East Ninth Street for James Dinger.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mehl have as guest Mrs. Charles Salisbury of Elkhart, Ind.

The merchants of Upland report good business. From now until Christmas they expect to eat cold lunches because of the rush.

J. W. Mehl is driving a new Overland car.

We don't want to see you buy smudge oil this year. Buy jewelry for Xmas. Palis the Jeweler.—30t1

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Clark will entertain guests Christmas from Chino, Pomona, and Los Angeles.

The entertainment given by the Epworth Leaguers at the M. E. Church Monday and Tuesday evenings were very successful.

The Upland Y. M. C. A. will have charge of the church services at the M. E. Church in Cucamonga Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. James Merchant have been receiving congratulations upon the arrival of a daughter in their household, whose birthday will be celebrated on the 5th of each December.

In our display of Xmas clocks you had better bug a Big Ben to wake up Old Santa Claus this year. See Palis the Jeweler.—adv. 30t1

W. F. Clark has made some very extensive improvements in his bakery. A new show case eight feet long and five feet high has been installed; also a very large mirror and very attractive candy jars. He invites your inspection.

Misses Nellie, Lynde, and Edith Anderson, accompanied by Mr. Eldon Atwood, autoed to Perris Sunday and enjoyed the day, Miss Lynde remaining over for a few days.

Mrs. M. H. Bordwell has as guests for the winter her sisters, Mrs. Arza Robinson and Miss May Aldridge of Battle Creek, Mich.

Miss Bell Emery has returned from Los Angeles and will now be at home for the winter. She and Mrs. Will Rupp wer over from Cucamonga Tuesday and passed a busy day shopping.

You don't have to go away from home to buy your Christmas presents this year. We have the goods. See Palis the Jeweler.—adv. 30t1

Mrs. T. Trice of Los Angeles is enjoying a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Charles Edelblute.

Plans for the County Christian Endeavor convention, to be held at San Bernardino in January, are actively under way. A get-together banquet is planned for a starter on Friday evening, the 15th. Good speakers will be secured and arrangements are being made for those who care to remain in San Bernardino during the meetings. All the young people, of whatever denomination, are urged to attend. Local C. E. societies will have full details soon.

That the city of Ontario will hold the city of Upland responsible for any damage that may result from storm waters running down Campus Avenue on account of their diversion from their natural course before they reach Ontario was the decision of the Ontario City Council Monday night after considering the matter, which was called to their attention by M. Williams. City Attorney Mitchell was the adviser in this matter.

Mrs. Enoch Hunter expects to visit with her daughter, Mrs. Houses, in Los Angeles the latter part of the week.

Save money at our evening specials next week. Monday, Dec. 14, from 6 to closing time all kid body dolls, worth over $1.00, will be sold at 25% off. Haury & Co.—adv. 30t1

We Have it Right Here in Upland

The Swellest Things in Presents, Just the Thing You Have Been Looking For.

We Haven't the Space to Tell You About All the Nice Presents We Have, But Here are a Few.

Parisian Ivory, in sets and by the piece.
Leather Goods, ladies' hand bags, the latest styles.
Gentlemen's pocketbooks, card cases, jewel bags, tobacco pouches, cigar cases, etc.
Stationery, the best in Whiting's and Eaton, Crane and Pike's.
Perfumes, the best imported odors at the old prices.
Fancy packages from two-bits up.

Come in and get a free sample of the new one—**Jardin de Marie.**
Candy—just Lowney's. Enough said.
Cigars, any kind you want.
Pipes, meerschaums, briars, etc.
Aluminum, swell little sets and pieces in the pure metal; they don't tarnish, and make the best kind of inexpensive presents.
And many other nice things.

LOOK IN OUR WINDOWS

COLLIN'S PHARMACY THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG STORE

Bring us Your Prescriptions And They Will be Filled Right.

GIFT ORDERS
from
Kirk's Bootery
for
Slippers
and
Hosiery

They Make Very Acceptable Christmas Presents

The Finest Assortment of

XMAS NECKWEAR
SUSPENDERS
BATH ROBES
Also Full Line of Heavy Underwear

—AT—

WILSON'S TOGGERY
Successors to
CARLSEN & ALLINDER

ATWOOD'S
Christmas Suggestions

Gifts for Men

House and Smoking Jackets—For the comfort of "the man" after his day's work is over. Nice patterns with reversible effects and a convenient price-range—**$5.00 to $8.50.**

Bath Robes—In many shades and styles; made of heavy reversible **Beacon** blankets. The color in these robes is most beautiful. Two styles of collar, and with either reversible belts or cords, as you prefer. Choose one for him here at **$5.00 to $10.**

House Slippers—In the black or tan leather; either in plain or trimmed. Also black felt, with either leather or felt soles. They make a pleasing, yet inexpensive gift—**75c up to $2.00.**

Hats and Caps—All the very latest blocks and shades—with latest trimming in Hats, and new shades and color effects in Caps. Caps range in price, **50c to $1.50.** Hats, from **$1.50 to $4.**

Dress Shirts—The new striped pleated effects, with soft colorings; also in pleated white, all soft fronts, with the laundered or French cuffs. Soft golf shirts, in cream, white or fancy. Monarch and Arrow golf shirts, in many patterns. **Prices, $1 to $2.50.**

Neck Ties—We show largest assortment of "Christmas Ties" in the Colony, and there never was a time when the variety and shades were so great. Narrow, reversible and wide-open end four-in-hands, many of them in pretty Holiday boxes, **50c to $1.**

Christmas Sets—In beautiful boxes—Ties and Socks, or Ties, Handkerchiefs and Socks, all matched. Also Ties with Tie Pins and Clasps, set with stones to match Ties. Nifty? Yes, they are. Linen Handkerchiefs, in Burnt Leather Cases and Christmas Folders. Arm Bands and Garters, Suspenders, Socks and many other useful articles, all beautifully boxed for Christmas giving.

Men's Jewelry—Tie Pins, either solid gold or filled. Tie Clasps, in solid gold fronts and gold-filled fronts and backs. Full Dress Sets, in either gold or pearl. Sets of Tie Pin, Clasp and Cuff Links, in hand-engraved, and set with beautiful stones. Roman gold fronts, set with genuine diamonds. Cuff Links, in the Roman gold fronts, plain, suitable for engraving. Solid gold, warranted for 20 years; also the gold-filled, all in good patterns, **at right prices.**

Auto and Dress Gloves—We carry the world-renowned Perrin Dress Gloves, in Men's and Cadet sizes. In Auto Gloves, the Hansen is the best to be had; we have both tan and black.

Sweaters—Our line of Rough-Neck cannot be surpassed. They are made of long, clean yarns, in fast colors. Made in several weaves, and in all the popular shades. Sweaters also carried in the Athletic and Coat styles.

Mackinaw Coats—These garments are more in favor this year than ever before, and we are showing a line of Coats which appeals to men—young, middle-aged, or elderly—who desire a good, warm, serviceable, yet an attractive garment.

Overcoats—In the latest styles, with all the improvements, in combination reversible collars and novelty trimmings. Rainproof fabrics.

Shoes—A pair of nice Shoes will make any man or young man happy. See our large showing of late lasts and leathers.

Clothing—For men, young men or boys. Large stock of all-wool suits at reasonable prices, and show us the chap, anywhere, who would not appreciate a suit as a Christmas gift.

Umbrellas—A large line, with pleasing assortment of handles and with good rainproof coverings.

And many other useful gifts which there is not room here to mention. Also a large and varied assortment of nice gifts for boys. Visit our store when Christmas Shopping.

J. J. ATWOOD COMPANY
Upland, California

Beginning next Monday store will be open nights until Christmas.

Shopping at the Book Store

Is One Round of Pleasant Surprises!

Typical California Gifts will Carry Your Xmas Good Will

"Oodles" of Nifty and Inexpensive California Souvenir Goods
Here's a Few Made of Real California Orange Wood Hand Carved & Colored

Pin trays, and cushions, napkin rings, tape measures, puff and powder boxes, pitchers, etc. —You'll like them!

Leather cushion covers in California flower and Mission designs—beauties—**$1.50 to $6.00.**

California souvenir abalone goods—right from the old Pacific—nifty jewelry that makes a hit anywhere. A dandy assortment of new stuff. Priced **10c to $1.50.**

California souvenir agate, gold stone and mosaic jewelry—make small packages and cost **25c to $1.50.**

California souvenir flower beads—in natural flower odors—**75c to $3.50.**

California yucca pin cushions—remarkable California novelties.

Photo and snapshot albums. post card albums in pleasing variety.

Christmas holly boxes—holly wrapping paper —silver and gold cards.

California souvenir playing cards.

The most enjoyable gift to receive is a GOOD BOOK—We have them!

Florence Barclay's Rosary, and her new books —"The Wall of Partition," and "The Broken Halo."

Chambers—"The Hidden Children."

Winston Churchill—"The Inside of the Cup," and others.

Jack London—"The Valley of the Moon," "The Mutiny of the Elsinore," "John Barleycorn."

Mary Roberts Rinehart—"The Street of Seven Stars."

Augustus Thomas—"Arizona," and others.

Gene Stratton Porter's "Laddie."

The Alger books for children.

Get your boy interested in the man-making Boy Scout movement. Boy Scout books (officially approved by the National Council of Boy Scouts). The most interesting and instructive thing you can give a boy—**35c to 75c.**

Reprints of every popular title—**50c each.**

Games—all kinds—rook, pit, summerset, flinch, puzzle games, etc. Everything to interest you and pass a happy evening!

Make your home cheerful and happy with an Edison Amberola. Disc or cylinder machine, or a Victrola. These are gifts for the WHOLE FAMILY and every one can enjoy them. If you have a machine, brighten up your home concerts with some sparkling new stuff. Come in and make your selections. If there is some special selections you desire that we have not in stock, we will quickly secure them for you.

Come in and See the Things and Shop at Your Leisure

THE SONG SHOP
The MISSES McQUILLEN, Proprietors
Successors to Clark's Book Store

Xmas Shopping Made Easy at G. H. Clem's Cyclery

Tires, Bicycles and Supplies. We are taking orders for 1915 Harley-Davidson, Indian and Excelsior

G. H. CLEM Cyclery

Phone 19-J Upland, Cal.

When you call at our office

Come In Without Knocking

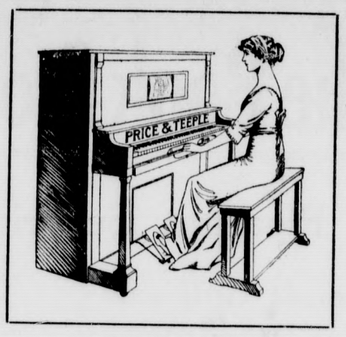
and we'll see that when you leave you can keep it up

EYMANN LUMBER CO.

Phone 39-R Upland, Cal.

THAT PIANO

Buy that New Piano or Player Piano for Xmas or have your old Piano Tuned for the Holiday Festivities. Call up 149-Y.



H. B. TUCKER

Piano Dealer and Tuner

UPLAND, ... CALIFORNIA

REPRESENTING

WILEY. B. ALLEN CO. Los Angeles, Cal.

Mason & Hamlin, Hardman, Packard, Ludwig, Kingsbury, Price & Teeple and Wellington Pianos and Player Pianos

ASK YOURSELF THE QUESTION . . . .

"Has She a Sweet Tooth?"

Often you are wondering how to remember a lady friend at Christmas time; but if you ask yourself the above question nine times out of ten you will remember that she enjoys the better grade of chocolate bon bons.

In preparation for the holidays we have a most complete line of candies of every description, and no matter what you desire in this line you will find it in the assortment at our shop.

Candies in boxes, nicely packed; candies for the Christmas dinner, as well as candies for the "kiddies"—we are headquarters for the above varieties.

Ice cream, either in bulk, brick or fancy designs for your Christmas dinner.

FLINN'S CHOCOLATE SHOP

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

(Continued from Page 3

as to secure greater efficiency and effect considerable savings in expense. But the amount of money saved in that way would, I believe, though no doubt considerable in itself, running it may be, into the millions, be relatively small—small, I mean, in proportion to the total necessary outlays of the government. It would be thoroughly worth effecting, as every saving would, great or small. Our duty is not altered by the scale of the saving. But my point is that the people of the United States does not wish to curtail the activities of this government; they wish, rather, to enlarge them; and with every enlargement, with the mere growth, indeed, of the country itself, there must come, of course, the inevitable increase of expense. The sort of economy we ought to practice may be effected, and ought to be effected, by a careful study and assessment of the tasks to be performed; and the money spent ought to be made to yield the most possible returns in efficiency and achievement. And, like good stewards, we should so account for every dollar of our appropriations as to make it perfectly evident what it was spent for and in what way it was spent.

Fear Extravagance

It is not expenditure but extravagance that we should fear being criticised for; not paying for the legitimate enterprises and undertakings of a great government whose people command what it should do but adding what will benefit only a few or pouring money out for what need not have been undertaken at all or might have been postponed or better and more economically conceived and carried out. The nation is not niggardly; it is very generous. It will chide us only if we forget for whom we pay money out and whose money it is we pay. They are large and general standards, but they are not very difficult of application to particular cases.

The other topic I shall take leave to mention goes deeper into the principles of our national life and policy. It is the subject of national defense.

It cannot be discussed without first answering some very searching questions. It is said in some quarters that we are not prepared for war. What is meant by being prepared? Is it meant that we are not ready upon brief notice to put a nation in the field, a nation of men trained to arms? Of course, we are not ready to do that; and we shall never be in time of peace so long as we retain our present political principles and institutions. And what is it that is suggested we should be prepared to do? To defend ourselves against attack? We have always found means to do that, and shall find them whenever it is necessary without calling our people away from their necessary tasks to render compulsory military service in times of peace.

Speaks Plainly

Allow me to speak with great plainness and directness upon the great matter and to express my convictions with great earnestness. I have tried to know what America is, what her people think, what they are, what they most cherish and hold dear. I hope that some of their finer passions are in my own heart—some of the great conceptions and desires which gave birth to this government and which have made the voice of this people a voice of peace and hope and liberty among the people of the world, and that, speaking my own thoughts, I shall, at least in part, speak theirs also, however, fainty and inadequately, upon this vital matter.

We are at peace with all the world. No one who speaks counsel based on fact or drawn from a just and candid interpretation of realities can say that there is reason to fear that from any quarter our independence or the integrity of our territory is threatened. Dread of the power of any other nation we are incapable of. We are not jealous of rivalry in the fields of commerce or of any other peaceful achievement. We mean to live our own lives as we will, but we mean also to let live. We are, indeed, a true friend to all the nations of the world, because we threaten none, covet the possessions of none, desire the overthrow of none. Our friendship can be accepted and is accepted without reservation, because it is offered in a spirit and for a purpose which no one need ever question or suspect. Therein lies our greatness. We are champions of peace and of concord. And we should be very jealous of this distinction which we have sought to earn. Just now we should be particularly jealous of it, because it is our dearest hope that this character and reputation may presently, in God's providence, bring us an opportunity such as has seldom been vouchsafed any nation, the opportunity to counsel and obtain peace in the world and reconciliation and a healing settlement of many a matter that has cooled and interrupted the friendship of nations. This is the time above all others when we should wish and resolve to keep our strength by self-possession, our influence by preserving our ancient principles of action.

Policy Is Settled

From the first we have had a clear and settled policy with regard to military establishments. We never have had, and while we retain our present principles and ideals, we never shall have, a large standing army. If asked, are you ready to defend yourselves, we reply most assuredly, to the utmost; and yet we shall not turn America into a military camp. We will not ask our young men to spend the best years of their lives making soldiers of themselves. There is another sort of energy in us. It will know how to declare itself and make itself effective should occasion arise. And especially when half the world is on fire we shall be careful to make our moral insurance against the spread of the conflagration very definite and certain and adequate indeed.

Let us remind ourselves, therefore, of the only thing we can do or will do. We must depend in every time of national peril, in the future as in the past, not upon a standing army, nor yet upon a reserve army, but upon a citizenry trained and accustomed to arms. It will be right enough, right American policy, based upon our accustomed principles and practices, to provide a system by which every citizen who will volunteer for the training may be made familiar with the use of modern arms, the rudiments of drill and maneuver, and the maintenance and sanitation of camps. We should encourage such training and make it a means of discipline, which our young men will learn to value. It is right that we should provide it not only, but that we should make it as attractive as possible and so induce our young men to undergo it at such times as they can command little freedom and can seek the physical development they need, for mere health's sake, if for nothing more. Every means by which such things can be stimulated is legitimate, and such a method smacks of true American ideas. It is right, too, that the National Guard of the States should be developed and strengthened by every means which is not inconsistent with our obligations to our own people or with the established policy of our government. And this also, not because the time or occasion specially calls for such measures, but because it should be our constant policy to make these provisions for our national peace and safety.

War Unbalances Things

More than this carries with it a reversal of the whole history and character of our policy. More than this, proposed at this time, permit me to say, would mean merely that we have lost our self-possession that we have been thrown off our balance by a war with which we have nothing to do, whose causes cannot touch us, whose very existence afford us opportunities of friendship and disinterested service which should make us ashamed of any thought of hostility or fearful preparation for trouble. This is assuredly the opportunity for which a people and a government like ours was raised up, the opportunity not only to speak but actually to embody and exemplify the counsels of peace and amity and the lasting concord which is based on justice and fair and generous dealing.

A powerful navy we have always regarded as our proper and natural means of defense; and it has always been of defense that we have thought, never of aggression or of conquest. But who shall tell us now what sort of navy to build? We shall take leave to be strong upon the seas, in the future as in the past; and there will be no thought of offense or of provocation in that. Our ships are our natural bulwarks. When will the experts tell us just what kind we should construct—and when will they be right for ten years together if the relative efficiency of craft of different kinds and uses continues to change as we have seen it change under our very eyes in these last few months.

Consistent With Peace

But I turn away from the subject. It is not new. There is no new need to discuss it. We shall not alter our attitude toward it because some amongst us are nervous and excited. We shall easily and sensibly agree upon a policy of defense. The question has not changed its aspects because the times are not normal. Our policy will not be for an occasion. It will be conceived as a permanent and settled thing, which we will pursue at all seasons, without haste and after a fashion perfectly consistent with the peace of the world, the abiding friendship of states, and the unhampered freedom of all with whom we deal. Let there be no misconception. The country has been misinformed. We have not been negligent of national defense. We are not unmindful of the great responsibility resting upon us. We shall learn and profit by the lesson of every experience and every new circumstance; and what is needed will be adequately done.

I close, as I began, by reminding you of the great tasks and duties of peace which challenge our best powers and invite us to build what will last, the tasks to which we can address ourselves now and at all times with free-hearted zest and with all the finest gifts of constructive wisdom we possess. To develop our life and our resources; to supply our own people, and the people of the world as their need arises, from the abundant plenty of our fields and our marts of trade; to enrich the commerce of our States and of the world with the products of our mines, our farms and our factories, with the creations of our thought and the fruits of our character—this is what will hold our attention and our enthusiasm steadily, now and in the years to come, as we strive to show in our life as a nation what liberty and the inspirations of an emancipated spirit may do for men and for societies, for individuals, for states, and for mankind.

COURT UPHOLDS SPEED LAWS, LIMIT 30 MILES AN HOUR.

That bugbear of automobilists, the "local speed cop," who lies in wait near many towns of the State to pounce upon drivers who exceed the stingy speed limit set by the local authorities, has lost his power as a result of the decision of the District Court of Appeals for the third district last week in upholding the opinion of the Attorney General that the State automobile laws are supreme, says a Sacramento dispatch.

Hereafter the State speed law is the only thing that need be obeyed. It allows 30 miles an hour on the highways. In a "built up" highway, it allows 15 miles, and where the driver's views are obstructed, or at corners, curves, or at crossings, the speed allowed is one mile in six minutes.

Municipalities have no right to set a rate below this, and then collect fines for municipal protection. The State law of 1913 must be enforced and the fines turned over for road purposes. In all ways where the State law is in contest with local laws, the State law is the only one that need be heeded.

Automobilists have been fighting for this uniform law for years, and the decision is hailed with delight. The decision is given down in a test case tarted in Merced. It is signed by Judges Chipman, Hart, and Burnett.

FURNITURE TO SELL

C. W. FARIS

At The Old Troeller Stand Upland, Cal.

See the 54-inch beautiful quarter-sawed fumed oak round extension tables (8-foot extension). Only.....$30.00

Smaller oak pedestal tables as low as.....$9.50

New pattern brass beds .....$9.00 to $25.00

Library and parlor tables, lowest of all prices.

Mattresses, the guaranteed Never-stretch Felts, large stock to show you. Also some splendid values in second-hand goods.

It will please you to look over the large stock of rugs which is never priced cheaper in any store.

Buy Something for Xmas at

THE FARIS FURNITURE STORE 125 to 139 2d Avenue

ANNOUNCEMENT

We wish to thank one and all for the interest taken in our

Consumers' Auto Contest

which closed November 30th, 1914, and take pleasure in announcing the following winners:

Miss Lyska M. Pitzer, Sweetwater, Tex. 14,621 coupons
First Prize, 1915 Model Oldsmobile

Thos. W. Harris, Upland, Cal. 10,861 coupons
Second Prize, 1915 Model Studebaker

Mrs. Jos. Mathias, Silver City, N. M. 5,713 coupons
Third Prize, 1915 Model Metz

DEALERS GUESSING CONTEST

ROBERTS & LEMOND, Hale Center, Tex.
5 Cs. President.

FARMERS UNION MER. CO., Snyder, Tex.
3 Cs Ambassador

Knowing that

President, Ambassador and Statesman

Coffees will continue to merit their many praises, we trust you will always bear them in mind.

Very truly yours,

The Western Coffee Co.

El Paso, Texas

For Your Automobilist Friend

In remembering him at Christmas time he will appreciate something useful, and a pair of driving gloves or a flash-light will appeal to him and he will long remember you; for in these articles, as well as many other accessories found in our complete stock, you will find quality and durability.

GET OUR CASH PRICES AND SAVE MONEY

Creighton & Co.

Workmanship a Main Factor

In building your house one of the important factors is the workmanship of the men building it, and the Upland Planing Mill makes a specialty of turning out nothing but first-class work. Men employed have had many years' experience which means much to the builder and owner of any building.

Upland Planing Mill

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Good Reasons Why You Should Buy

ARMOUR FERTILIZERS

They are manufactured from the highest grade of fertilizing materials, which furnish not only plant food, but HUMUS. They are not an experiment—their reliability has been demonstrated both in laboratory and orchard. For Fall Application use Armour's Brand

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Write to your Friends in the East and tell them that

CALIFORNIA'S

TWO GREAT 1915

EXPOSITIONS

at San Francisco and San Diego will open on schedule time.

There will be

NO POSTPONEMENT

on account of the European war

or for any other reason.

Ask each of them to mail a Postal to Some One Else, and the Mail Man will spread the news.

OPENING DATES AND DURATION OF EXPOSITIONS:

Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco February 20 to December 4, 1915.

Panama-California Exposition at San Diego January 1 to December 31, 1915

Here are some convincing facts concerning the great Exposition at San Francisco:

Not one of the 42 exhibiting foreign nations has withdrawn, while three of them have increased their participation.

Seven nations involved in war and five neutral European nations will have their own buildings.

Exhibits from eleven foreign countries have already arrived.

Forty-three of our States and one city are making individual exhibits.

Finally, these exhibitors are spending more money than previously expended in any two other Expositions.

EXPOSITION LETTER DAY—DECEMBER 15TH

SOUTHERN PACIFIC

The Exposition Line—1915—First in Safety.

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IRVIN COBB SAYS "ATROCITY" TALES COSTLY FICTION.

Irvin S. Cobb, humorist, short story writer and dramatist, has returned from the European war zone, says a New York Dispatch, where he was sent early in August as a representative of the Saturday Evening Post, with positive convictions on the war, and much straightforward assertion in opposition to the great mass of reports that have been filling the journalistic pages of this and other countries.

"Regarding the one matter of atrocities," said Mr. Cobb, "I'd like to say that it is my personal belief based on rather more experience than falls to the lot of the ordinary writer that these tales are 99 per cent false. I spent six weeks with the German armies; I spent considerable time in Belgium and northern France. I had a fair opportunity to observe the attitude of the English people, and I have yet to find one single instance wherein even the mildest atrocity story had the slighest foundation on fact.

"I have collated the stories according to type. They are similar in character, and the curious thing is that of the six or seven kinds, the Germans while absolving themselves from the charges, are convinced that the Belgians and the French perpetrate the wrongs, while the Belgians and the French are as one in voicing their belief in the German wrongdoing. Shifting the inquiry to England, I found the same conditions, but though I found any number of persons who knew some one who knew all the details of a dozen cases, I never succeeded in running down a single case. My personal belief is that there is not a single case.

Sound Like Civil War

"I was shown a scrapbook, the property of an old lady from Iowa who had clipped the contents from neswpapers during the Civil War in this country, only the other day. Every single atrocity attributed to any of the combatants was duplicated in this old scrapbook and laid at the door of the Southern soldiers. I was brought up in the South, and I have knowledge of similar material culled from the newspapers of Charleston, Richmond, and Atlanta, embodying the same tales, precisely, save only that in these newspapers the stories were charged against the Federal troops. The human mind seems to be singularly uninventive if it cannot improve upon the war fiction of 50 years ago."

Mr. Cobb stated that he searched diligently; that he spent hours and days endeavoring to run down one instance of the cruelties charged against the Germans by the Allies, or against the Allies by the Germans, without result. In Germany, where the hope for American sympathy is peculiarly strong, he offered to spread the facts broadcast over the United States if one case could be brought forward. If that case could be found, he assured the German authorities, he would take the affidavits and photographs, forward the material to America, and the result would be all that Germany could desire. The case was never brought forward.

Hollow Triumph

"No man can tell when this thing will end," Mr. Cobb continued. "No man may say what was the exact cause of it all. The victor in the struggle will have won nothing, the loser will hardly lose more than the victor. Bankruptcy stares all engaged in the war straight in the face. Fifty years from now people will be engaged in repairing the ravages of this colossal folly; they will be feeling the effects of it for a century. From my observation it is absurd to discuss the partition, the annihilation, or the dismemberment of the loser in the struggle. Nations cannot be eliminated by geographical line shifting; they cannot be wiped out of existence by a change in the form of government. Should France be conquered the people will never be less than French. If Germany is forced to her knees and riven asunder by political impositions, the result will only be a more thoroughly welded Germany. In the event that England be subjugated after invasion, no one believes that she will cease to be a nation, or that a century or two of Teutonic government would ever substitute 'Deutschland Ueber Alles' for 'Rule Britannia.'

All Glamour Gone

"There is none of the pomp and circumstance of war, all the romance and glamour is gone from it. It evokes no patriotic enthusiasm, no bursts of wild ardor; there is little even of the personal enmity on which war feeds. It is a nasty, grim business, but the men engaged in it fail to go into hysterics over that business. When I say the personal element is missing I mean the physical contact is almost wholly absent. You cannot personalize hatred of a man you can't see who is lying on his stomach seven and a half miles way in a damp and muddy trench. It is not possible. This war is not a war between individuals at all; it is simply a war between conflicting commercial interests, and that I think is true of all wars from the first Punic down."

Mr. Cobb was careful to explain that he was pro-anything but peace. He had no axe to grind in any way, save one; he felt that if he could write or say one thing that would convince mankind of the folly of attempting to correct disagreements by assassination, whole or individual, he would consider any grinding he might do justified.

"There has been a lack or recruiting in England; there is little enthusiasm for military service in Germany," he proceeded. "For this the conditions under which this struggle is conducted are alone to blame. There is no lack of courage in any country, but the fife and the drum, the brass band, the gaudy colors, the flapping flags, the cheers are absent, and the psychological effect upon humanity is that the glory has evaporated. Perhaps if there is one hope that there will never be another war it is this, that the whole romance has gone out of the business—that men are coming to see that the destruction of a fellow being is based upon a selfishness that has a financial backbone.

All Human Beings

"I believe no man could visit the scenes of this struggle without feeling his racial superiority oozing away. The men engaged are not Germans, English, French, Russian, or Belgian; they are just human beings with precisely the same hopes, fears, instincts and characteristics. The stupendous ferocity and the bitter consequences of the whole business cannot but break down some of thoe racial barriers without which war would be impossible. If these are smashed flat enough so that better national understandings may occur the anomaly of war will end. Perhaps the time will not arrive for hundreds of years when personal animosities will cease; it may be centuries before one man will cease from trying to crowd his views and wishes upon another man by force, but it will be increasingly difficult to induce a sane human being to take a weapon and go out into appalling physical conditions and kill some other human being whom he never saw, and with whom he has had no quarrel."

In conclusion Mr. Cobb cited one instance of a previous statement as indicated in the reply of a German artillery captain to a question.

"He told me," said Mr. Cobb, "that he had been in his fortified position on the Aisne during 21 days. He had lost two lieutenants and 60 per cent of his men, and in the time he had been in the war he had never seen a single French, British, or Belgian soldier, and did not expect to. You can't expect much enthusiastic enmity toward a man you have never seen, can't see, and never expect to see."

ACTIVE WOMEN

Miss Margaret E. Knight, who died recently at the age of 75 years, was the first woman in the United States to obtain a patent, being granted one on a paper bag in 1870.

Mary Cassett, a painter of children and family life, has been awarded the gold medal of honor of the Academy of Fine Arts, the highest within the gift of the Philadelphia Academy, and one of the most valued trophies in the American art world.

The famous Duchess of Westminster still wears the uniform of a Red Cross nurse which she donned when she went to the scene of the fighting in France. She is acting as ministering angel to many of the thousands of wounded sent to the rear from the bloody front.

Mrs. Moses D. Wadley of Augusta, Ga., has given funds to the American Seamen's Friend Society for the purpose of a library for seamen, in memory of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson. This library feature of the society's activities among seamen is unique, as it is the only organization in the world that places libraries on board deep-water vessels for the use of crews.

Dr. Caroline Hedger, formerly in charge of the infant welfare work in Chicago, and her friend and assistant, Miss Janet Hall, have left Chicago for Belgium to take charge of the work of caring for thousands of homeless children under the Belgian Red Cross.

Mrs. Charles Coulter of Vancouver wore a pedometer for one month, at the end of which time she found that she had walked more than 400 miles in doing her household duties.

The youngest Red Cross nurse to return from the war zone is Esther Dramin, aged 13, of Springfield. She and her mother were visiting in Tarnow, Austro-Hungary, and for five weeks both dressed the wounds of the soldiers in the Red Cross hospital there.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed to in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON, A Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

"Christmas Shopping"

is an easy matter if you have the funds.

A little sum put aside in a Savings Account in this Bank, and added to regularly will solve the problem for you, and in the meantime is earning four per cent interest.

Try it, and you will be surprised at the result.

Citizens Savings Bank of Upland, Cal.

The man who puts the seal
Upon your deeds and instruments,
Be they for woe or weal.

We Put

The Seal of Quality

Upon the Goods We Bake.

On Our Bread

So Fresh, So Light, So Brown, Our Buns, and Pies, and Cake

Boston Bakery

GOOD, CHEAP LAND

Will shortly be a thing of the past. Now is your opportunity to buy. Lands in the most famous sections of Southern Pacific for sale on ten year terms, one-tenth cash. Ask S. P. Land Agency, 410 Grosse Bldg., Los Angeles.

In planning your job printing remember that The News Shop is the place to get your work done. Our equipment is complete and our workmen are men of wide experience.

LEGAL ADVERTISING

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN BERNARDINO.

Lillian E. Caldwell, Plaintiff,
vs.
Kazo Yoshiko and Muhachi Higashida, Defendants.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of San Bernardino, State of California, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County of San Bernardino.

A. W. BURT, Attorney for Plaintiff.

The people of the State of California send greeting to kazo Yoshiko and Muhachi Higashida, Defendants.

You are hereby directed to appear, and answer the Complaint in an action entitled as above, brought against you in the Superior Court of the County of San Bernardino, State of California, within ten days after the service on you of this summons—if served within this County; or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer as above required, the said plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint, as arising upon contract, or plaintiff will apply to the Court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Superior Court of the County of San Bernardino, State of California, this 30th days of November A. D. 1914.

CHARLES POST, Clerk.
By CLARA POST, Deputy Clerk. 299

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT

Etiwanda Water Co., Principal Place of Business, Etiwanda, San Bernardino County, California.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Directors of this Company, held on November 17, 1914, Assessment No. 61 of $1.50 per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable at once to the Secretary of the Company, at his residence in Etiwanda, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 29th day of December, 1914, will be delinquent, and will be advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 28th day of January, 1915, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors.

T. DONNELLY, Secretary.
November 17, 1914. Etiwanda, Cal. 2714

RESOLUTION NO. 214.

Resolution of the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, Declaring their Intention to Improve Ninth Avenue, Between County Road and the South Boundary Line of Said City.

Resolved, by the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, that the public interest, convenience and necessity require and demand, and that it is the intention of said Board of Trustees to order the following work to be done and improvement to be made in said City, to-wit:

That NINTH AVENUE in said City, between the South line of County Road and the South boundary line of said City, be improved in the following manner, to-wit:

(a) That the entire roadway of said Ninth Avenue between the South line of said County Road and the South boundary line of said City, including all street and alley intersections, (excepting the intersection of said Ninth Avenue with B Street, sometimes called Ninth Street and the intersection of said Ninth Avenue with Boulevard, sometimes called Railway Boulevard,) by oiling the surface thereof with liquid asphalt oil and cultivating the same to a depth of four inches below the grade of the street, and covering the surface of such roadway after being so oiled and cultivated with broken stone screenings. Said improvement shall be made along the lines, between the points, at the places, on the grades, and in the manner shown therefor on the plans and cross-sections heretofore adopted for the improvement of said Street and now on file in the office of the City Engineer of said City and designated "Plans and cross-sections No. 48" in the records of said office, and shall be constructed of the material, in the manner provided in and in accordance with Subdivision B of the specifications heretofore adopted for the improvement of said Avenue, on file in the office of the City Clerk of said City and designated "Specifications No. 48" in the records of said office.

(b) That stone curbs laid in cement mortar be constructed along the curb lines on both sides of said Ninth Avenue between the South line of County Road and the South Boundary line of said City, (excepting where curbs have already been constructed to the official line and grade.) Said curbs shall be five inches wide at the top, eight inches wide at the bottom and fifteen inches in height, and shall be constructed in the manner shown therefor and at the places, along the lines, on the grades and at the elevations provided therefor and as appears on the plans and cross-sections heretofore adopted for the improvement of said Avenue and now on file in the office of the City Engineer of said City and designated "Plans and cross-sections No. 48" in the records of said office, and shall be constructed of the material, in the manner provided in and in accordance with Subdivision A of the specifications heretofore adopted for the improvement of said Avenue, on file in the office of the City Clerk of said City and designated "Specifications No. 48" in the records of said office.

Reference to said plans, cross-sections and specifications is hereby made for a further, fuller and more particular description of the work and improvement hereinbefore described and referred to, the manner of its execution and the material of which it is to be made.

The Board of Trustees hereby determine that Serial Bonds shall be issued to represent assessments of Twenty-five ($25.00) Dollars or over for the cost of the work or improvement as proposed in this resolution to be done. Said Serial Bonds shall extend over a period of Nine years from and after the 2nd day of January next succeeding the date of said bonds and an even annual proportion of the principal sum thereof shall be payable, by coupon, on the 2nd day of January each and every year after their date until the whole is paid, and the interest shall be payable semi-annually, by coupon, on the 2nd days of January and July, respectively of each year, at the rate of Seven (7%) per cent. per annum on all sums unpaid, until the whole of said principal and interest are paid; said bonds shall be issued in accordance with the provisions of an act of the legislature of California, entitled: "An act to provide for work in and upon streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, courts, places and sidewalks, within municipalities, and for establishing and changing the grades of any such streets, avenues, lanes, alleys, courts, places and sidewalks and providing for the issuance and payment of street improvement bonds to represent certain assessments for the cost thereof and providing a method for the payment of such bonds." Approved April 7, 1911, designated and referred to as "Street Improvement Act of 1911" and of all acts amendatory thereof. Said bonds shall be issued to represent each assessment of Twenty-five ($25.00) Dollars or more, remaining unpaid thirty days after the date of the warrant or five days after the decision of the Board of Trustees on appeal.

It is hereby declared by said Board of Trustees that this proceeding is being taken and had and that the aforesaid improvements are to be made under and pursuant to said act.

That all lots, pieces and parcels of land belonging to the United States, State of California, or to any County, City, Public Agent, Mandatory of the Government, School Board, Educational, Penal or Reform Institution, Institution for feeble minded or insane, and being in use in the performance of any public function, which fronts upon any of the work and improvement hereinbefore proposed, shall be included in the assessment for said work and the cost of such work or improvement so assessed against any such lots, pieces or parcels of land, and shall be paid for by said City out of the General Fund thereof.

The Upland News, a weekly newspaper published and circulated in the City of Upland, is hereby designated as the newspaper in which this Resolution shall be published in two consecutive issues thereof; and also as the newspaper in which such further notices and resolutions relating to said work, required by law to be published, shall be published.

The Street Superintendent shall immediately after the adoption of this Resolution, cause to be conspicuously posted along the lines of said contemplated work or improvements, in the manner and form required by law, notices of the passage of this Resolution.

The City Clerk shall certify to the passage of this Resolution and cause the same to be published as aforesaid.

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was adopted by the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland, at a regular meeting held thereof, on the 2nd day of December, 1914, by the following vote, to-wit:

Ayes: Lambrigger, Anderson, Johnson, Grier.
Noes: None.
Absent: Woodbridge.

CHAS. P. FULLER, City Clerk.

I hereby approve the foregoing Resolution this 2nd day of December, 1914.

C. V. LAMBRIGGER.
President Pro Tem. of the Board of Trustees of the City of Upland. 2912

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Hannah Minerva Palmer, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Hannah Minerva Palmer, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrator at the law office of Warmer and Jones, Rooms 1-2-3, Citizens Bank Bldg., Ontario, Calif., the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate, in the County of San Bernardino.

M. F. PALMER.
Dated at Oct. 19, 1914. 2315

YOUNG'S SHOE STORE

Is now located in the Kuehny building, first door north of The News office. Our line of Men's Work and Dress Shoes is complete. Shoe repairing a specialty.—J. G. YOUNG.

UPLAND TRANSFER CO.

W. E. Allen, Proprietor

General Transfer Work and Heavy and Light Hauling. Prompt Attention. Phone your Orders to Neff's Livery Barn (Phone 124-R) during the day. After 6 p. m. call up Main 109-Y.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Will give you protection against loss by fire at less than one-fourth what it costs in old line companies, in Riverside and San Bernardino counties.

Over 3000 Policy Holders
$5,000,000 Insurance Written

Write for rates or ask the agent to call.

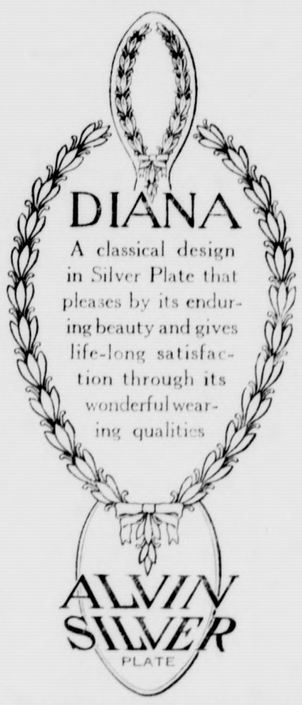
JOHN N. HUEHN, Secretary and General Agent.
Phone Pacific 2J or 351J.

UPLAND DRUGGIST MAKES A STATEMENT

We always advise people who have stomach or bowel trouble to see a doctor. But to those who do wish to do this we will say: try the mixture of simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., known as Adler-i-ka. This simple new remedy is so powerful that JUST ONE DOSE relieves sour stomach and constipation INSTANTLY. People who try Adler-i-ka are surprised at its QUICK action. Mac the Medicine Man.

Government Chemist Proves Supremacy of

Alvin Silver Plate



Following is the Official Report on fourteen of the leading standard makes of silver-plated teaspoons, from tests made by Herbert G. Torrey, for over 37 years Chief Assayer, U. S. Assay Office:

PLATE	Oz. of silver per Gross
A1	2.16
A1	2.18
A1	2.73
AA1	2.88
A1	2.88
A1	3.16
A1	3.36
Extra plate, 5 oz.	3.36
A1, 6 oz.	4.46
Triple Plate	5.64
Triple Plate, 6 oz.	5.76
X8 Triple	6.43
Triple Plate, 6 oz.	6.67
Triple Plate, 6 oz.	6.76
Triple Plate, 12 oz.	6.91
Triple Plate, 12 oz.	7.20
Plate Triple, 14 oz.	7.77
Alvin Silver Plate	**8.20**

ALVIN SILVER PLATE IS MADE IN BUT ONE QUALITY—THE VERY BEST.

GEO. B. BOWER, Jeweler

Home of Alvin Silverware

ELECTRIC SERVICE

Applications for service from the Ontario Power Co., light or power, may be signed at our Upland or Ontario stores.

Granger-Hall Electric Company

CLASSIFIED ADS

WANTED

WANTED—A reliable young woman to help with housework from 9 to 11 a. m. daily. Phone 249-L. 30t1

WANTED—Ladies' and gents' repair work done neatly. Mrs. Train, 709 First Ave. Phone 376. 30t4

WANTED—To do family washing by the dozen pieces. Call phone 417-J. 30t1

WANTED—A good heavy team of mules. Phone 245-R-4. 29tf

WANTED—To care for orange and lemon groves. Phone 210-R. 28t8

WANTED—At the Upland Foundry old cast-iron scrap and plowshares. Will pay cash for same. 22tf

WANTED—All kinds of team work. A Monroe. Phone 139-Y.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—4-room furnished bungalow, close in, adults only. Also cottages. Phone 158-J. 29t2

FOR SALE

FOR SALE— OR EXCHANGE—Two acres, one mile from Ontario; 4-room California house; Tuscan peaches, grapes, spineless cactus; chicken corrals; fine location for truck or poultry ranch. Price $1800. F. G. Roberts, Ontario. 30t1

FOR SALE—Ten white Leghorn hens. Phone 230—1. 30t2

FOR SALE—Am now threshing Egyptian corn and any neighbors wishing to purchase can phone 238-J-3. 30t2

FOR SALE—Cook stove, medium size; cheap. Cor. 2nd Ave. and C St., No. 309. Phone 24-J. 30t1*

FOR EXCHANGE—5 acres alfalfa and pumping plant, Chino; five-room house and large barn. Want house and lot. Address Box 537, Upland, Cal. 30t1

FOR RENT—One 4-room bungalow, new. $8.00. Ninth St. and 10th Ave. Call R. B. Bordwell, 314-J, or 128-R. 30tf

FOR SALE—Persian kittens, blue and orange eyes. 731 E. 6th St. Phone 988, Claremont. 30t3*

FOR RENT—Five-room modern bungalow, modern conveniences. Above 24th street on car line. Phone 329-R-2. 30t1

FOR SALE—Great bargain in older baby chicks if taken at once. Ontario Hatchery, 920 East D St., Ontario. Phone 296-J. 29tf

FOR SALE—Cheap, one top buggy, one small light wagon. Phone 230-R-1. 29t3

FOR SALE—6000 feet of new 2-inch iron black pipe, cheap. Phone 152-J-3. 29tf

FOR SALE—Young turkeys for Christmas and New Year's. Address W. A. Milner, Alta Loma. Phone 138-R-2. 29t3*

FOR SALE—A few shares Upland Feed and Fuel Company's stock. Address Box M, care of News office. 27t3

FOR SALE—R. I. Red eggs for setting; also cockerels. Mrs. Floyd Goodban. 25tf

FOR SALE—Minorca eggs for hatching, $1.00 per setting. Inquire G. A. Hansler, East Ninth St., near the bridge. 19tf

FOR SALE—Driving and work mare, 1300 pounds; splendid disposition. John B. Morrow, 15th and Euclid. 10tf

FOR SALE—10 acres good citrus or deciduous fruit land, all level and piped for water, with 12 shares of Cucamonga water stock; cheap at $3700; must have cash and will sell for $1000 cash, subject to a mortgage of $1500, 3 years to run. F. D. Turner, 617 Westmoreland Ave., Los Angeles, Cal. Home phone 557870. 26t3*

FOR SALE—Bungalow (24x38) in good condition, to be moved from the lot. Leonard Puehler. 26t4*

FOR SALE—1 acre land, house and barn; also good business opportunity. Inquire at Upland News office. 26tf

MISCELLANEOUS

AFTER OCTOBER 1 FREDERICK Maurer will be the official agent in the city of Upland for the Tribune and Express and the paper routes will receive his careful attention. All desiring the papers should call Phone 348-J. 21tf

PERRY LONG

BARBER SHOP and BATH-ROOMS

Good Service is Our Slogan
Cleanliness Our Watchword

SECOND AVE. UPLAND

NOVEL TRANSPORTATION

The most novel feature about these weapons to military eyes is the system of transportation employed by which the gun and its carriage are divided on two trucks, equipped with rimmed wheels and special devices to distribute the enormous weight over as much road service as possible. The whole train is hauled by a traction engine, propelled by steam or gasoline. Undoubtedly this has served to increase the mobility of the giant weapons; but officers are not satisfied that the necessity of carefully preparing the ground upon which the guns stand when discharged has been done away. It is still a job for engineers to place these weapons and the long delay necessary to permit the emplacement of siege weapons, while a little reduced, is still a factor in military operations.

GET READY FOR X-M-A-S

We are ready with the biggest display of Holiday Goods ever shown by a Confectionery Store in Upland.

Fancy Baskets

Silk and satin lined, beautiful designs and novel shapes, filled with the Churchill's Choicest Confections, make very desirable presents.

Fancy Boxes

A variety to choose from that will surely appeal to you. All sizes and shapes from the very smallest to a 15-lb. box.
Some plain—
Some hand-painted—
Some silk-topped—
All the best the box-makers can make, and we sell them empty or filled with Churchill's Choicest Chocolates.

Chocolates and Bon Bons

Our assortment will be greater than ever. The finest creams combined with delicious fruits and flavors covered with Hershey's Best Chocolate, both Dark and Milk and the hard candies too, such as Honeycomb Chips, Nougat, Chicken Bones, Caramels. Always taste like more.

Mixtures of Cream and Hard Candy

We are making up several choice mixtures of creams, jellies and chocolates; others with a nice variety of clear hard goods. Made only of purest material, perfectly healthy, and LISTEN—we will make very special prices to churches, Sunday schools, lodges and societies where a quantity is used.

Favors for Dinner Places

And parties. A large assortment little knick-knacs at little prices.

Shelled Nuts

PECANS—
WALNUTS—
ALMONDS—
PEANUTS—

Colored Sugar

GREEN—
RED—
PINK—
and several varieties of Cake Candy.

Santa Claus

In several sizes and fireproof Xmas trees, with candle holders attached. Yes, and candles, too—all sizes.

We could not begin to tell you all the good things about our store, but say—just visit us before you purchase, then it's up to us if we can't please you.

CHURCHILL'S
Candy Store
Santa Claus' Headquarters
Just Below 9th Street

WHAT'S RATING OF YOUR CAR FOR 1915 TAX?

Here is the formula which the State is using for determining the horsepower for 1915 taxation:

Add bore and stroke, multiply by bore.

Multiply result by number of cylinders.

Multiply latter result by .224.

And then pay for license as follows:

Less than 20 horsepower.....$ 5.00
20 to 30 horsepower.....10.00
30 to 40 horsepower.....15.00
40 to 50 horsepower.....20.00
50 to 60 horsepower.....25.00
60 horsepower and above.....30.00

That the motorists of California will be represnted at the next Legislature by officials of the Automobile Club of Southern California, was the statement made last week by Fred L. Baker, president of the organization. Each motorist will be requested by letter to send suggestions for legislative action to the headquarters of the Auto Club, and particular attention is to be paid to the automobile tax question.

Every motorist is deeply interested in the revision of the formula for determining the taxation basis of the motors. It is estimated that the new method of fixing the horsepower of automobiles will cost the motorists from a fourth to a third more in the majority of cases. Comparatively few of the cars now marketed will escape a raise under the new formula.

"Nothing can be done at this time to prevrnt the State Board of Engnieering from adopting such horsepower formula as it sees fit, provided, only, that it acts in an honest discretion in its choice of such formula. The State motor vehicle act provides that the horsepower of every automobile sought to be registered shall be determined by the State Department of Engineering, and in the language of the act, 'Such determination shall be final and conclusive,'" declared Edward G. Kuster, counsel for the Auto Club.

"Last year the department selected the A. L. A. M. formula as its basis of computation. For the coming year it has adopted a new formula, which uses the length of stroke of the motor in determining horsepower, with the result that many cars with the new type, small-bore, long-stroke motors will be assessed a larger tax than under last year's formula. Unless the new formula has been adopted arbitrarily and is without any merit whatever from an engineering point of view, I am of opinion that the State Board of Engineering is within its powers.

Appeal at Capital

"If the motorists of California are dissatisfied with the situation, their remedy is to appeal to the Legislature at its coming session and to ask for an amendment to the motor vehicle act, taking from the State Board of Engineering its present discretionary right to determine upon a new formula annually, and declaring in the act itself what rating is to be used. Most of the States which have adopted a horsepower excise tax upon automobiles provide by statute what horsepower formula is to be used."

"The percentage of motorists represented by the membership of the Auto Club of So. California is very large, and it will be incumbent upon this organization to take future action in the interest of motoring in general," said Mr. Baker. "While various dealers and certain individuals are declaring that an injustice is being worked upon the automobile contingent, they have offered no solution of the matter, and so far as we have been able to determine there is no present solution.

"However, the legal department of the club and the executive offices are at the disposal of all motor car owners, and within the next few weeks will be a clearing house for all suggestions and complaints that may be filed. These suggestions will be considered individually, tabulated, and the wishes of the majority will determine the club's action at the Legislature. It is evident that the time has come when motorists should arrive at a decision of their future wants. It is a recognized fact that automobiles are no longer a luxury—they are a recognized means of transportation."

Will Receive Letters

Secretary Standish L. Mitchell of the club will act as direct representative of Southern California motorists in receiving all communications addressed to that organization.

Meantime, the 1915 licenses are being distributed daily by the scores from the Southern California branch office of the motor vehicle division.

In addition to the letter carried on the dealers' tags for 1914, the 1915 plates have the designation "Dealer" above the figures.

It is expected that fully 60 per cent of all the State's registration will be trough the Los Angeles branch. The law says that all autos much carry the new tags by January 1. However, they are not valid until that date. Cars being registered now for the first time must carry 1914 tags.

In planning your job printing remember that The News Shop is the place to get your work done. Our equipment is complete and our workmen are men of wide experience.

SURPRISE REVEALED IN TOTAL VOTE RETURNS

(Continued from Page 1)

Charter Plan Approved

No. 25, adoption and amendment of municipal charters—Carried, 285,338 to 226,679.

No. 27, County charters—Carried, 361 219 to 225,530.

No. 28, legislative control of irrigation, reclamation and drainage—Carried, 335,047 to 216,865.

No. 29, incorporation of municipalities—Carried, 284,757 to 214,312.

No. 30, irrigation districts controlling international water systems—Carried, 349,694 to 185,168.

No. 31, valuation of condemned public utilities by railroad commission—Carried, 291,836 to 244,379.

No. 32, election of United States Senators—Carried, 404,283 to 190,969.

No. 33, public utilities in municipalities—Defeated, 278,129 to 231,274.

No. 34, taxation of public property—Carried, 344,433 to 216,612.

No. 35, Sacramento building bonds—Carried, 294,728 to 267,717.

No. 36, San Francisco building bonds—Carried, 300,028 to 257,119.

No. 37, State fair bonds—Defeated, 301,764 to 259,721.

No. 38, Los Angeles State building bonds—Defeated, 320,302 to 285,796.

No. 40, extra sessions of court of appeals—Defeated, 322,891 to 203,674.

No. 41, miscarriage of justice—Carried, 378,237 to 182,073.

No. 42, place of payment of bonds and interest—Carried, 306,195 to 206,479.

No. 43, exempting educational institutions f rom taxation—Carried, 331,599 to 293,721.

No. 44, minimum wage—Carried, 379,311 to 295,109.

No. 45, one day of rest in seven—Defeated, 457,890 to 290,679.

No. 46, drugless practice—Defeated, 462,355 to 223,217.

No. 48, San Francisco harbor improvement—Carried, 408,633 to 167,589.

IDEAL LOCALITY FOR FRUIT-RAISING

The fact is impressing itself more strongly upon the people of other States that California is the only source in the country from which can be secured the delicious semi-tropical fruits and nuts so desired by holiday diners. With Europe absolutely shut off by the war, so far as importation of foodstuffs is concerned, the United States this year must look to California for its holiday supply of fruits and nuts.

Great quantities of fresh deciduous fruits are also being shipped from California. Fresh grapes of the Tokay, Emperor and other varieties are forwarded by the carload, packed in redwood sawdust so they will keep until after Christmas, if necessary. Oranges, specially selected and packed, are hurried eastward by many shippers to meet the holiday demand.

Extraordinary measures have been devised by the postal authorities to avoid congestion or delay in the delivery of packages mailed for arrival before Christmas Day. But the cooperation of the public is required to make the measures effective. Patrons are advised to send their packages as early as convenient, marking them, 'Not to be opened until Christmas," or in some similar manner. Other instructions are: Prepay postage fully on all parcels. All parcels should be fully and plainly addressed. The name and address of the sender should be conspicuously placed on each package. Articles must be carefully and securely wrapped, but not sealed, as this makes them subject to postage at the letter rate. Valuable parcels may be insured up to $25 for a fee of 5 cents and up to $50 for 10 cents. Such inscriptions as "Merry Christmas" or "Happy New Year" and names or letters for description may be added to parcel post matter.

Data For Public

These further suggestions are made by the express companies: Persons sending packages by express should see that they are thoroughly wrapped in sufficient paper and clearly addressed. Where the contents are glass or fragile, notice to this effect should be written on the package. It is important that shippers remember to attach the 1-cent war tax stamp procurable at the express office to every package. Neglect to do this is punishable by a fine.

Holiday packages and remittances of money to foreign countries can be sent except to points where war conditions make transportation impossible. Offices of the express companies are open in the following cities of Europe: London, Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Rotterdam, Paris, Havre, Marseilles, Berlin, Bremen, Hamburg, Rome, Genoa, Naples, Copenhagen, and Christiana.

The postal authorities advise that Portugal has just announced the suspension of money order exchange between itself and the United States. Otherwise money orders may be forwarded by mail to most of the important cities of Europe.

At the Churches

St. Mark's Episcopal Church

Euclid Avenue and F Street.
Third Sunday in Advent.
Holy Communion, 7:30 a. m.
Church School, 9:45 a. m.
Morning service and sermon, "The Priesthood," 11:00.
Evening prayer and sermon, "The Ministry of the Church," 7:30.

Christian Scientist

First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Ontario, hold regular services in the church edifice, West B Street, every Sunday at 11 a. m.

Subject, "God the Preserver of Man."

Wednesday evening, testimonial meeting at 7:45. A reading room is maintained in the same building, which is open to the public daily, except Sunday, from 2 to 4 p. m., where the Bible or authorized Christian Science literature may be read or purchased.

Sunday School at 10 a. m.; pupils up to the age of twenty years are admitted.

Brethren in Christ

A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend special meetings being held in each night at 7:30. Rev. H. Wagaman of San Francisco is in charge.

Services Sabbath day:
Sunday School, 9:45 a. m.
Preaching, 11 a. m.
Y. P. meeting, 6:30 p. m.
Preaching, 7:30 p. m.
Junior meeting, 6:30 p. m.

Presbyterian

At the Presbyterian Church the Sabbath School meets at 9:45 a. m. The C. E. at 6:30 in the evening. Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

As this is "Boys' Sabbath" in California, a special service will be held in the evening. Principal Merton E. Hill of Chaffey Union High School is to speak at this service. Men and boys are especially urged to attend.

Methodist

9:45, Sunday School.
11:00, preaching. Subject, "Keeping the Track Straight."
3:00 p. m., Junior League.
6:30, Epworth League.
7:30, preaching. Subject, "Good Wages."

Special singing at all the services. A home church. You are cordially invited. S. S. SAMPSON, Pastor.

TO OUR PATRONS AND TO THE PUBLIC:

We have decided to extend the time of closing for the Columbia Grafonola Contest, now going on at our store, 30 days longer, or until January 23rd. We do this on account of a slight misunderstanding as to the giving out of votes and in order to give the leading contestants a chance to get more votes.

From this date we will give votes as follows: For each and every cash purchase 10 votes for every penny expended. For all bills or book accounts due the firm paid on or before January 10th, 5 votes for every penny.

Remember, the contest will positively close Saturday, Jan. 23rd. Remember, any purchaser can give the votes to any contestant or can nominate any new person.

The following are the leading contestants at this date: Mrs. Geo. B. Irvine, Miss Ruth Ames, Mrs. E. A. Jaquith, Mrs. Marie J. Hayden, Miss Vernie Anderson, and Miss Frieda George.

Remember, we are giving over $400 worth of prizes in this contest. THE UPLAND HARDWARE COMPANY.

LEGAL ADVERTISING

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial National Bank of Upland, California, will be held on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., at Director's room of said bank for the transaction of such business as may properly come before said meeting.
30tf R. F. LEMON, Sec'y.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Citizens Savings Bank of Upland, Cal., will be held at the office of the bank on Wednesday the 13th day of January, 1915, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing seven Directors, and the transaction of any other business that may properly come before them.

Dated at Upland, California, this 10th day of December, 1914.
30t4 R. C. NORTON, Secretary.

For Exchange

One runabout Overland; 4 clyinders, A1 condition; also one 5-passenger Studebaker, in A1 condition. Want house or lots.

320 acres deeded land, 5 miles from Victorville on State Highway. Want orange grove and will assume.

Forty acres in Alta Loma district on State Highway. Want town property.

FOR SALE

Ten acres navels, well fertilized; 18 years old; above 18th street; 10 shares San Antonio water; reasonable terms. Price $15,000. Also some good buys in houses and lots.

"SEE"

F. B. Chaffee

Or Tell Mrs. MacFarland About It.
220 Second Ave.
Res.—241-R. Office—79

THE RIGHT KIND
of a friend to stand by you during the Xmas season is
A FINELY TAILORED SUIT MADE AT THIS SHOP
It won't make itself, and we can't make it unless we have your order. Can't we get that order today?
OUR SUITS MAKE YOU LOOK WELL XMAS
Cleaning, pressing and repairing at moderate prices.

F. HERMES & SONS, The Up-to date Tailors
238 Second Ave. PHONE 265

"THE SNUGGEST LITTLE SHOP IN TOWN"

A Sale of

Silk Petticoats and Crepe de Chine Blouses $3.95

Very appropriate for Xmas Gifts

All the fashionable colorings so much favored now—including black.

Campbell's Ready-to-Wear Shop
UPLAND, CAL.

Hann's Jubilee Singers
WILL APPEAR AT THE
UPLAND GRAMMAR SCHOOL
Monday Evening, Dec. 14th

A company of Seven Artists, and their program will consist of Vocal Solos, Piano Solos, Quartettes, Readings and Old Plantation Songs.

A High Class Entertainment. An Evening of Real Enjoyment.

Reserve Your Seats Early at *KIRK'S BOOTERY*

Buy the Boy a Bicycle for Christmas

We have an excellent assortment of bicycles and sundries which will appeal to your boy as a Christmas present, and we sell them, as well as motorcycles, both new and second-hand, on payments, if you desire. Special prices quoted now and Christmas.

Creighton & Co.

.·. FOR THAT .·.
Christmas Dinner

If you are wondering what to have for that Christmas Dinner, let Clark the Baker suggest a few things, for he has an excellent supply of candies, and figs done up in Christmas packages, while for the dinner proper he will not only roast your turkey but will supply you with PLUM PUDDING, FRUIT CAKE and SPECIAL PIES made to order.

In the evening you will want something in spite of that big Christmas dinner at noon, and Taylor Made Tamales are just the thing.

W. F. Clark, Bakery
CLARK BUILDING UPLAND, CAL.